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MICROCOSM.

BY THE AUTHOR

OF

VICISSITUDES IN GENTEEL LIFE.

"As human happiness consists in hope, those who have arrived at
"the fummit of their wishes here, must point, to render their
"happiness complete, their hope to Heaven."

IN FIVE VOLUMES.

VOL. V.

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MICROCOSM.

CHAP. CVI.

Scenes former what inconfiftent with the Zenonian Philosophhy.

as if no hope was left on land, Clifford flood filent. The failors who were walking on the shore, observed him at a distance, when one who had learned the cause of his dejection, went up to him and said, "Master I dare say you may see her" now from the heights, for the wind has been slack, and she is not a very swift sailer."

VOL. V.

B

« Can

"Can I!" faid Clifford, starting as if relieved, without considering that an unavailing view of the vessel could only torment him; "Go up: I will follow you;" which he did, attended by several others who were surnished with glasses, and seeing a fail at a great distance they all affirmed that it was the Eagle, as none had less the Haven since she did, and it was evident she was going from land. One of them declared he knew her by her yellow sides, and that he would venture a good can of grog it was she.

Clifford, upon this, was greatly agitated, and wildly exclaimed, "Sure it is possible "to overtake her! What can be done! "Who can give me any advice?"

"Why master I can advise you, for the "matter o'that, an you will be ruled"—faid the sailor who had first addressed him; but 'twill cost you a pretty penny."

"I care nothing about cost," returned Clifford eagerly; "and to cut that matter "short at once, I will give any man "fifty

" fifty guineas if he will overtake the

" Eagle West-Indiaman within twenty-four " hours."

"Done master!" returned the fellow, flapping his hand into Clifford's. " I am " your man and wull win your money.

"Look ye there," continued he, pointing to a vessel below; "that is the Fly; the

" fwiftest failing cutter in all England.

She hasn't her name for nothing."

" But when will she be ready?" hastily interrogated his employer.

"Why look ye," faid the tar; "bro-" ther James is her master, and she was

" to have gone out on another fervice in a

day or two. I was to have gone in her;

" and fo I will now, but it shall be upon

" your bufiness; and she may be ready in

" an hour."

But few words more were spent in talking. In a very fhort time Mr. Clifford, who had given ten guineas earnest, and a treat to the afliftants, found himfelf upon the bosom of the deep, flying before the B 2 wind; wind; a fresh gale having just sprung up as if to aid his design; for the sailors all affured him that it was a gale from the shore, and would benefit them more than the vessels farther off at sea.

For feveral hours the hope of Clifford was kept in an equal balance with his apprehenfion. When the evening advanced and there was no appearance of the object of their purfuit, his fpirits gave way; his fear was predominant, and he passed a night of anxiety, in thinking of his folitary: return to London. But when the morning awoke and the fun arose, an object before them, as distant as eye could ken, attracted every one's attention. The large telefcope, with which they had furnished themfelves, was infantly produced, and a veffel in full fail, on which the fun darted his horizontal rays, was clearly diftinguished. A general huzza hailed the appearance, for no one suffered himself to doubt of its being the Eagle. The optical instrument was continually employed: it was foon observed 11 (1) 2300

observed that they gained upon the sail before them, and it was not long ere her ensigns were known, and her identity declared.

The repining which Clifford had permitted to fleat over the ufual tenor of his mind, now firuck him with its criminality. Confcious of his fault, he left the deck and retired to correct himself.

Thus it is with the generality of mortals: they hope, when they have no reason to fear: but if a cloud steals over their sunfhine, hope, which should then be their support, seems enveloped in darkness, and they doubt whether ever. "their night "shall again be turned into day,"—they doubt—though they have past experience for their encouragement and the Divine promise for their security!

The Fly was now almost under the Eagle's wing, and the telescope discovered to Clifford, who had re-ascended the deck, the figures of his four friends. The West Indiaman soon backened her fails, as it

was perceived that she was hailed by the eutter, and the gentlemen voyagers on board the first, were stricken with amazement at the appearance of Frederic, who with the utmost celerity boarded their vessel.

"My dear Clifford! what brings you here?"—interrogated Lord Andover, while Mr. Barker, Mr. Spencer and Mr. Ruffel thood in anxiety waiting his reply.

"Your letter," returned the other, "brought me to Milford, and hearing that "you had been only a few hours gone, I "was determined to have, if possible, ano- "ther interview before we should be more "widely separated."

"I am truly glad to see you; and yet I will own a disappointment, for I had hope of your having obtained some intelligence of my Letitia," replied his lordship.

"Why I have had fome little account of her," returned Clifford, "and that

" was an additional inducement for me "to-"

"What account?" "What is it?" "What account?"—they all at once interrogated.

" Mis Mansfield who came over with my brother and fifter, knew her in the

" West Indies"—was the answer.

" Mis Mansfield. Heavens! But where " is she now?" asked the earl, with impatience; upon which Mr. Clifford fixed his eyes upon his friend and faid with an emphasis—IN LONDON.

" IN LONDON!! Is it possible!?"—was a general exclamation.

Clifford replied, "She is indeed; and "fafe and well."

"What," faid Lord Andover, "do we then do here? Let us be going."

"The fooner the better," faid they all; and taking a handsome leave of the commander and crew, embarked on board of the returning cutter.

В́ 4 " Now,"

" Now," faid the earl, "we have leifure for farther information respecting this

" bleffed event. Not one question would

" I allow myself to ask till we were on our

" way to the dear spot which contains all

" my ideas of happiness. My Letitia is in

"London: safe and well. You have seen

" her Frederic!"

"I have," he replied.

"And you are convinced—"

"—She is all that woman can be," faid Clifford, interrupting; explaining, and answering his friend with a finile.

"And is the dear child well and "happy?" asked the father, whose fond-ness and anxiety were scarcely exceeded by the tenderness and solicitude of even Scymour himself.

Mr. Clifford gave ample fatisfaction on those particulars.

" Miss Mansfield knows her—the Miss "Mansfield of whom I have heard you

" fpeak as being the niece of Mr. Cum-

" berland, I prefume," faid Mr. Ruffel.

" His

His adopted niece: yes, the fame," laconically answered the gentleman.

"You are convinced, Mr. Clifford," faid Mr. Barker jocofely, "that Miss Lett"Til Spencer is the handfomest woman in
England; which is what you are un"willing to allow Seymour to think of
"Miss Harriet Montague."

"That she is unsurpassed," returned he, "I will readily admit; but I think my "sister's friend equals her in every re"spect."

"Mis Mansfield do you mean? Can it be possible that two such women exist?" asked his lordship."

"Mind and person united—I really "think not," he answered.

Why Frederic! you just now faid, "

"My dear Andover, you are very dull, "at this time, in comprehension, and will

" not understand me till I, in plain lan-

" guage, tell you that Miss Mansfield;

"Mis Montague, and Letitia Spencer

" are one and the same person"—was the reply

reply of Mr. Clifford. This opened a new fource of amazement, and gave rife to a conversation in which every one expressed his sense of the superintendence of Providence; his gratitude, and his bright hope of suture selicity for the samily of the Spencers.

Clifford now more particularly fatisfied his friend respecting the health; happiness, and continued affection of his Letitia; giving the most pleasing instances of her tenderness, and solicitude for his return; and it was mutually agreed by all present that the nuptials of her and Lucy should be solemnized with all the celerity of which circumstances would admit, Mr. E. Spencer with servent expressions of joy, acknowledging the two gentlemen as his sons-in-law.

We are now to suppose the travellers returned to Milford, and thence arrived at Pembroke, where Lord Andover, as soon as he had reached the inn, enquired what carriages could be immediately provided

for the next stage. Mr. Russel, upon hearing what paffed, faid, that it would be madness for them to think of proceeding further that night; it being then ten o'clock, and not moon-light. But the younger gentleman was in fo much hafte to pursue his journey that he urged many reasons for their proceeding: not so much on his own account as in confideration of the anxiety which the family must necesfarily be under, and which could not, as the post had gone through the town before they reached it, be fo speedily removed by any other means.

Mr. Barker and Mr. Spencer seconded Mr. Ruffel's propofal of fpending that night at Pembroke, and alledged, what they thought would be of most avail, Clifford's fatigue, who had not flept fince he left Chichefter palace. But this, that gentleman infifted upon not being admitted as a reason for delay; as he could sleep as well in a carriage as on a bed. He pressed indeed strongly for the continuance of their 909

B 6

journey,

journey, when Lord Andover asking pardon of his friends for what might be deemed an undue haste, ordered a supper and beds to be instantly made ready. This being done, after a pleafant hour, the gentlemen separated, and all, except Seymour; retired to rest: but he, previous preparation having been made by his fervants; threw himself into a chaise, and was driven off with velocity. In the morning, when the gentlemen met at breakfast and inquired for Lord Andover, Mr. Spencer's fervant, with whom the fecret was entrufted, produced a note which stated, that unable to rest upon English ground till his arrival in London, and unwilling, therefore, to make his friends fuffer by his impatience, his Lordship had left Pembroke alone, and hoped to reach the metropolis at least twenty hours fooner than his companions.

This information was received with a general finile of approbation, as his friends had just before expressed their surprise at the lateness of his appearance, and at his · Tellenberg

ready

ready acquiescence with the delay of the evening before. But we will leave these gentlemen to pursue their journey at leifure, while we attend upon the lover.

The impatient Seymour stopped only to change chaises, till he reached the end of his journey, at about seven o'clock on the second morning after his departure from Pembroke. He immediately dispatched a note to Mr. George Abington, informing him of the safety of his fellow-travellers and of his own arrival in London, with a request for permission to attend the samily to breakfast.

The receipt of this billet in Grosvenor Square, caused the greatest joy. There was now scarcely a wish ungratified and every one looked forward with delight.

Mr. G. Abington returned an answer expressive of the general happiness.

When Letitia was first informed of Seymour's arrival, and of his promised attendance at the breakfast table, the was totally unable to support herself. Her heart stuttered,

tered, and her tremor was fo great that it was with difficulty that she was prevented from fainting. But her grandfather congratulated her upon the event in fuch lively terms as reconciled her to her own emotions, and she began to prepare herself to receive her long regretted lover. Lucy, who affisted in dreffing her, faid that she was determined to make her appear as handfome as possible, that Lord Andover might think her fifter still more charming than Harriet Montague: and indeed nothing terrestial could be imagined more truly beautiful than her appearance at this period. The morning was fine and warm, it being now the first week in May, and the room decorated with basons of flowers; amongst which the fat with a countenance more lovely than the lovely Flora herfelf; for there was a foft confusion—an enchanting timidity which she vainly endeavored to suppress, that rendered it irresistibly charming. Her drefs was a genteel morning robe of fine muslin, and she fat on a sofa between

between her mother and Lucy, who exerted their power to inspire her with some degree of fortitude. At length a carriage stopped at the door; the bell rang; and foon after the step of a fervant coming up stairs, so much increased the perturbation of Letitia, that the throbbing of her heart almost deprived her of the power of breathing, and the rested her head on Mrs. Spencer's shoulder, as the servant entered.

- " Lord Andover, madam."
- Show him up."

No more was faid till they heard him coming, and, in an inftant faw him enter the apartment. As he advanced, the ladies arose from their seats, when Letitia, leaning upon Lucy's arm, by an involuntary motion, half reached out her hand, but inflantly dropped it, and was covered with blushes as he approached her, and caught the hand which she was withdrawing.

The moment was tender: it was more: it was awful; rendered so by the perfect filence which reigned in the room, for not 12 2 1 W 1/ 10

one of the four had the power of speaking for some moments. At length Mrs. Spencer said "Letitia, my love, be seated, and "let me..."

"Pardon me madam," interrupted the happy Andover, "for being the cause of "for much discomposure to your lovely "daughter. Yet that I AM the cause, is "my glory and selicity:"—seating her upon the sofa as he spoke, and supporting her with his arm while he pressed her hand with his lips.

"My Letitia!—my Harriet!" continued he—"by which dear name shall I address "you?—from this blest moment I hope to date my happiness. From this hour of transport, to hold you to my heart as "mine for ever."

"My Lord—Lord Andover"—faid she in a trembling voice—"I am—I will not "hesitate to say I am indeed——"

She could not add another fyllable. He flopped as if to catch her words, but finding that she continued filent, he faid, "Suppress

"Suppress not an acknowledgment which " will, I trust, confirm my felicity. The " found of your voice is harmony to my-" heart: yet let me request you not to " use such distant language. Am I not " your Seymour-your Henry, as in days " of former happiness! My name is the " fame, though your's is changed."

"Yes," faid Lucy, with vivacity, feeing her fister greatly affected, "but your " name, you know, must be altered like-" wife; or you cannot possess Spencer "Aviary."

The name of Spencer," he returned, " will ever be my glory; but on my own " account, the possession of the Aviary is " a more trifling confideration than you " feem to imagine; and to punish you for " the idea, I here decree, that when I am " dignified with the name of your family, " you shall be deprived of that distinction."

Lucy blushed deeply at this unexpected reply, and was attempting an answer, when Mrs. G. Abington entered the room with Matilda

Matilda and Caroline to fay that the gentlemen wanted their breakfast. The party then adjourned to another apartment, where they passed the morning in that state of felicity of which congenial souls will easily form an adequate idea—" where hearts " meet hearts reciprocally soft."

Mr. Spencer, who, as has been frequently intimated, was a conftant promoter of the amusement, as well as happiness of others, proposed an early dinner for the purpose of making an excursion to Richmond. This was agreeable to every one. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert were summoned to increase the number, and in the most delightful rambles around that beautiful spot, the evening was spent in more than common felicity. About nine o'clock the company returned to Grostvenor-square, where much to their surprise they were received by the gentlemen from Pembroke, whose arrival was not expected till the next morning.

Mrs. Spencer, who was the first that alighted, sprang, the moment she saw him, into

into the arms of her hufband; and then immediately hastening to Letitia, who had not quitted the carriage, cried, "Come, "come my child—come there a father's "embrace and receive his bleffing."

"And is he come!" faid the lovely girl, as the afcended the steps. "What "now have I to with for?"

The scene was again affecting, and every eye was moist. As Letitia arose from her knees, Mr. E. Spencer took the hand of Lord Andover, who had pressed near him, and clasping it with one of his daughter's between both his own, blessed their intended union. Clifford then led his half reluctant Lucy to share with himself a similar benediction, which was given with equal servency.

Mr. Ruffel, whose jocose manner enlivened every scene, protested that he thought Letitia Spencer was much handsomer than Harriet Montague, and said, that as a voyage to the West Indies was so improving, he thought it very unfortunate

- with the day

that he had been prevented from participating of the benefit.

Miss Spencer received her friend and tutor Mr. Barker, to whom the chiefly was indebted for her education, with affectionate respect, and the Herberts were almost overwhelmed with acknowledgments of obligation.

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CHAP. CVII.

the sold family an even he by by

Letters: and an Excursion to Rose-Valley.

THE day after the arrival of the gentle_ men was fo very showery, that, by universal consent, it was entirely spent at home; and as past events made a subject of conversation, the letters, supposed to be written by Letitia, during her confinement in her apartment at Beverly Lodge, to Seymour and Lucy, were mentioned; and produced. It was now evident (as fhe had taken copies which she had preserved and often read over, of what she had written) that great pains, as well as great art, had been used by all the Percivals to sever her from the love of all her friends, and to destroy her happiness and her reputation. Mr. Ruffel was fired with refentment at this recapitulation of the atrocity of the family, and declared his determination of endeavoring endeavoring to bring them to exemplary punishment. Letitia was now defired to write, as the Lord Chancellor had directed, to Mr. Percival for a sum of money, in such a style as would draw an answer, acknowledging his belief of her existence, without permitting it to appear in what part of the globe she was situated: the following, was the form prescribed.

" SIR,

- " Having been driven to a fituation in
- " which I could neither find friends nor
- " money, you will not be furprifed at my requesting from you a supply of the
- " latter. Fifty guineas is all I require at
- " your hands. If you refuse me, Mr.
- " Ruffel will I hope befriend me.
- . " Perhaps not recognizing my hand-
- " writing, you may demand an Interview
- " to convince you of my existence.
 - "It certainly is not my wish to see
- "Beverly at prefent, but I am now under
- another's controul, and must obey when

" I am

" I am commanded; therefore when a

" visit to Beverly becomes necessary I must

" undertake the journey.

" Please to direct to me by my former

" name, to the care of Mr. Thomas Ingram,

" Captain of the Swallow West Indiaman,

" Thames, London.

"I am fir, your's with due respect,
"H. M."

The effect of this letter evinced the Chancellor's knowledge of mankind. The Percivals were alarmed at the idea of Letitia's application to Mr. Russel, and the intimation of her visiting Beverly was an equal subject of apprehension. The gentleman, therefore, with the advice of the Privy Council immediately wrote as follows, addressed to Miss Harriet Montague.

" MADAM,

"You need not be under any apprehension of my not recognizing your
hand-writing. I know it well, and am
too

too certainly convinced of your exist-" ence; fo that whether you are still in the " West Indies, or whether you are return-" ed to England, you need not give your-" felf the trouble of a vifit to Beverly, "where your presence cannot possibly " afford any pleasure. You must know " how very expensive Mr. Russel's officious interference rendered your education, by " which means nearly the whole of the " pittance left for your future support by " your father, Captain Montague, who " was a very inadequate match for my " fifter, has been expended in that and for " your board; nevertheless, if upon receipt " of the money, you will fign proper re-" leafes, &c. as you are now of age, I will " order you the fum of one hundred " guineas, and will meet in London any person who shall by you be duly autho-" rifed to execute the bufinefs.

"Your poor grandmother bids me fay that she is ashamed of her past affection?" for you; and your aunt—that is to say

' my

" my wife, for the boafts of not being

" allied to you by blood-of her kindness.

" I however cannot help faying that I am

" forry for you; that your coufin Stephen

" has some respect for you, and that I wish

"I had cause to style myself your still

" more affectionate uncle.

" RICHARD PERCIVAL.

"Your cloaths, &c. shall be packed, and directed to any place you think proper to appoint."

The receipt of this letter, delivered into the hands of Mr. Ruffel by his old acquaintance Captain Ingram, added fuel to his anger, and the Chancellor, without whose approbation nothing was determined upon, insisted on their being disappointed and mortified in the most public manner possible, as the only method likely to prevent their standing a trial. Mrs. G. Abington dropped a tear on her sister's account, and said, that convinced as she was of her deserving every severity, she could not help Vol. V.

feeling for her relation's ensuing punishment. Upon this Mr. Spencer observed that the triumphant carriage of the Percivals was, if possible, more beinous than their delinquency itself, as it evinced the continuance of an impenetrable hardness of disposition that gloried in successful villainy, and delighted to add infult to injury. Could it be done with equal fafety, and was there as much probability of its striking conviction, and effecting a subsequent contrition, he should certainly declare in favor of lenient measures: but the truth of the circumstances demanded his acknowledgment that the Chancellor's intention ought, in his opinion, to be executed, both for fecurity to the oppressed, and for future benefit even to the oppressor. It was then agreed that Letitia should not appear in the vicinity of Beverly, till the arrival of the period appointed for Stephen Percival to take possession of Spencer Aviary, now at the distance of about five weeks; and that in the interim the marriage fettlements of both

both Clifford and Lord Andover should be completed, with other deeds necessary to be signed on Letitia's taking possession of Beverly, and previous to her marriage. The change of Lord Andover's name, or rather the addition of Spencer to that of his family, was likewise to be forwarded, that nothing but the nuptial ceremony might remain to be performed when the criss arrived which should proclaim our heroine Queen of the Village.

The Chancellor of the time—the great Lord had imbibed fo ftrong an affection for Letitia, that he was determined to exert the utmost of his power and abilities to see justice done to her in every particular; and she therefore requested that the management of the affair might be left entirely to him: a request to which every individual concerned acceded with pleafure.

In arranging the marriage writings of Miss Spencer, it was requisite that Mr. Clifford should be introduced as a party.

Mr. Herbert was likewise requested to be a witness, on which occasion he presented to Mr. Spencer, by the hand of Mr. Russel, the securities for ten thousand pounds which had been given to him in trust for Harriet Montague, being the legacy of Mr. Cumberland.

The integrity and generofity of Mr. Herbert received high encomiums from all the family, and Letitia, with the approbation of her friends, figned over the fecurities to his little Harriet-Rofella—Mr. Spencer, Mr. E. Spencer and Lord Andover joining in magnificent prefents to the two eldest children, as an acknowledgment of the unreturnable obligations under which they confidered themselves to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert, for the protection and friendship which they had so nobly given to our heroine.

Preliminaries being completely adjusted, excursions into the country were proposed till the period of Letitia's going to Beverly, as the warmth of the season rendered London

don rather disagreeable. The Lord Chancellor claimed a visit to his seat in Surry; where our friends spent several happy days. Mr. Spencer afterwards, attended by Mr. and Mrs. G. Abington, returned to the Aviary, leaving Mr. and Mrs. E. Spencer; their three daughters; Mr. Russel; Mr. Clifford; Mr. Barker; Lord Andover, and the Herberts to pursue their intended perambulations.

Miss Abington was very impatient to embrace her neice, as were likewise Mr. and Mrs. Abington to see their grand-daughter; but they forbore to indulge their wishes on account of Miss Patty.

Mr. Clifford now requested Mr. E. Spencer to visit his estate in Warwickshire; which that gentleman readily agreeing to do, the company set out for that place on the following day. Here they sound themselves so pleasantly situated, that they determined not to remove till the 13th of June, when they were to proceed to Spen-

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C 3 cer

cer Aviary, according to the plan projected by the Chancellor.

The old family feat in the midst of Mr. Clifford's estate, was one of the most rural habitations in the kingdom, and had once been called magnificent. The furrounding grounds were laid out in a style similar to the building, and afforded many fituations that, to minds the least tincured with romance, were absolutely enchanting. It was called Rofe-Valley, and well did it deferve that name, for it appeared as if it had been cultivated folely for the purpose of producing that lovely shrub, fo numerous were its bloffoms in every hedge near the manfion. Arbors and avenues were likewife fhaded by roses of various descriptions; mingled with fwcet-briars, woodbines and honey-fuckles.

It was in this place that Lettia first knew what mortals call real happiness. The time passed since the discovery in which she was so materially concerned, had been almost a tumult of pleasure; affecting interviews

interviews having so quickly succeeded each other, that she had scarcely recovered from a first, ere a second again disordered her serenity. But at Rose-Valley every thing was tranquil; while love and friendship impressed the passing hours with incidents of sweet and deep remembrance.

In the neighbourhood of Mr. Clifford's estate, several gentlemen of respectable characters had country feats, and an agreeable intercourse subfisted between the families around. Clifford had commenced an acquaintance with most of them at his first visit to Rose-valley, and therefore without waiting for ceremonious inquiries, fent an invitation to the gentlemen and ladies in the vicinity, requesting the favor of their presence to a rural breakfast. The invitation was accepted by a number of genteel people of all ages: music was procured from the town of Warwick, and the whole was conducted by Mr. Herbert in a pleafing and romantic tafte. Amongst the company affembled upon this occasion, was

C 4 a gentleman

a gentleman of the name of Fonnercau, who had taken possession of his estate about a twelvementh before, upon his coming of age. During a long minority, the entire management of his fortune had been entrusted with his mother; and she had so faithfully discharged her duty, that though his father had left his affairs much perplexed, the young man now received -his property (about three thousand pounds per annum) in a perfectly unencumbered state, and with a large fum of money in advance, exclusive of the fortunes of his two fifters. Charlotte and Maria. Mrs. Fonnereau had a handsome jointure from a former husband who had died without children: and with that the had educated her young family in a finished manner. She was indeed a woman of rare accomplishments, and fo fweet in her temper, that to fee her and love her was the fame thing. Her fon; . whose name was Charles, was a young man of high spirits. He had a good understanding, was extremely genteel, and well oumstring a disposed.

disposed. But she could not prevail upon him to think of matrimony; as he had unfortunately imbibed the too fashionable fentiment of "Love unconfined." Maria was of her mother's temper; gentle and tender; Charlotte of her brother's-exuberant in vivacity; yet of an excellent dispofition. This agreeable family lived about a mile from Rofe-Valley; Mrs. Fonnereau, at the earnest request of her fon, by whom fhe was almost adored, continuing the fuperintendence of affairs.

Our readers of fagacity will readily conjecture that the introduction of this family, at this crisis, portends some event confequential to that of the Spencers. The conjecture is just. In process of time they were connected both by congenial ties, and by legal obligations.

a hard the second

CHAP. CVIII.

A Fête Champétre.

e there is to be a second of the T the breakfasting mentioned in the preceding chapter, a dance was proposed in a shaded avenue near the house, at which a Captain Williamson asked and obtained the hand of Matilda Spencer, just as Charles Fonnereau approached to folicit the fame favor. He therefore turned to Caroline with evident chagrin and faid "Am I " too late here madam? Or will you oblige " me?"

" I might have been asked first," she replied with some degree of archness; " but " I will accept you to punish you."

He bowed low; muttered fomething about being happy, and turned to observe Matilda.

Matilda perceived his attention blushed. blushed, but did not then know that she thought him very agreeable.

Clifford danced with Lucy, and Lord. Andover led his Letitia, who drew a delightful contrast between this fête champêtre and the ball at Mr. Wharton's.

At the end of the first dance, this accomplished couple seated themselves upon a
bench beneath the branches of a large
lime tree, and entered into a conversation
which elevated their minds almost to the
felicity of angelic beings: and so absorbed
were they by what past within their own
breasts, that the second dance was concluded before they recollected that they belonged to the party.

Clifford and Lucy now approached their retirement; and foon after Caroline drew her partner to the same spot. She was followed by Matilda, who supposed that her suffers were the objects of attraction, when in fact Mr. Fonnereau was the magnet that solicited her steps towards the sequestered C 6 groupe.

groupe. That gentleman in the mean while viewed her approach with marked attention, and the imaginary horrors of matrimony vanished as she advanced.

After some time spent in lively converfation the dance was renewed, and at length the entertainment concluded with general fatisfaction. When the company retired to their feveral habitations, the exquisite beauty of Miss Spencer was an universal theme; every individual observing that it was impossible for human imagination to conceive any thing more truly lovely, yet all allowing that her mind and manners exceeded even the elegance of her figure. Mrs. Fonnereau asked her fon what he fhould think of fuch a wife. His reply was--" Every one must think well of such "ia woman in every capacity, but I should " like her better for a fifter. She is too! "handsome for a wife."

"For a fifter! What, you are in love with your partner!" faid Charlotte with

an arch defign; the having perceived his attention to Matilda.

· "You are mistaken madam," he replied.

" My partner was too much like yourfelf.

" I am not fond of fuch mad-caps."

"Come hither child," faid he to Maria,

" and receive, as proxy for the object of.

" your brother's adoration, his vows of con-

" flancy-of everlasting love. Meekness

" is his present taste. But Charles—be

" cautious; do not fwear too positively, lest

" fome new face tempt you to perjury."

All this was spoke in the height of good-humoured facetiousness; for Charlotte sincerely loved her brother, and wished to see him married. Mrs. Fonnereau similed at her son's embarrassiment, as with peculiar pleasure she had observed his apparent partiality for Matilda Spencer, and wished for such an amiable acquisition to her family.

During the refidence of the company at Rofe-Vailey, feveral agreeable parties were formed amongst the families in the vicinity; and these with a rich fund of domestic amusements,

amusements, occasioned the hours of our friends to pass in high felicity. All malignant passions were expelled the place, and the truest harmony reigned around. In this enviable situation we will leave our excellent party, and return to the village of Beverly.

smale he bear mair a dire of

CHAP. CIX.

Anticipating Conversations.

THE fixteenth of June was now hastily advancing, and preparations for the entrance of the Percivals into the dominions of Spencer Aviary, went on with rapidity. Nothing could exceed the premeditated grandeur of the defign, for the particulars of which our readers will be pleafed to revert to the eighty-eighth chapter in our third volume. The dress of Miss Bullion, now fent home completely finished by the female undertaker of the whole, was more magnificent than the bridal attire of a Sultana. It was a perfect blaze of finery; jewels of various hues dazzling the eyes from every part of it. The attire of Mrs. R. Percival was next in brilliancy, and that of the bridegroom, elect, was superb: indecd

deed the families from both the Lodge and Bullion Bower feemed determined to difplay the most princely appearance.

Carious were the conversations which occasionally passed between these consequential personages on the approaching crisis, which absorbed all their waking and their sleeping hours; for their very dreams represented shadows of their meditated triumph over people whom they hated for their native superiority.

"Don't you think madam," asked Miss Bullion of Mrs. R. Percival, "that Lucy "Spencer will be obliged to confess the "ornaments for my head exceed every "thing she could form an idea of?"

"If the does not confess it, my dear," answered Mrs. R. Percival, "the must be "conscious of it; for certainly nothing "that ever was in Beverly was so noble and "fo beautiful."

"Oh they are divine!" exclaimed the young lady. "These diamonds! These "rubies!

" rubies! These pearls! And these ame-

" thysis!!-I shall expire with pleasure

" when I put them on my head!"

" In which drefs do you intend to make

" your entrée?" asked Mrs. Mitchel.

"In my gold tiffue, to be fure," replied Miss Bullion; "for can I too much honor "the day which is so much to honour us!" and I hope my dear Lord Beverly (I must familiarize myself to the noble sound)

" will adorn himfelf as fumptuoufly as

" possible."

"Not on the day on which I shall take possession of the Aviary," said the gallant Mr. Stephen, "but on the day following, which will give me in my lovely Countess a prize far superior to the dirty acres."

"Stephen judges properly," observed Mrs. R. Percival. "It will be sufficient "for the first occasion if I am in full dress, "as I must be first admitted into the "mansion."

It was in the midst of one of these anticipating cipating conversations that the letter from Letitia to Mr. Percival was delivered at the Lodge. The hand-writing was immediately recognised by as many as looked at it; and the information which it gave of her existence, was a source of vexation, to all who were in the secret of her birth. But Miss Bullion protested that she pitied the young woman, and declared that she had no objection to take her home; and even to put her into her second woman's place, the first woman's place being already too well filled by Burchell to admit of an offer being made of it.

"I think," said Mrs. Mitchel, with a knowing simper, "it would be as well to "keep the girl at a distance. Are not "you madam of my opinion?"

Mrs. R. Percival, to whom the question was addressed, replied with studied indifference, "I do not know madam that it is " of much consequence where she is, as I " suppose that she must be provided for in " some manner, somewhere."

"Then dear, dear fir! do let her come,"

cried Miss Bullion. "It would give me "exquisite pleasure were she to behold our "procession. And indeed without she is a witness of it, my triumph will not be complete. Oh! I should die with dedelight to see her packed into some of the last carriages amongst our domestics, and to send her with some insolent mesure same to the people at the Aviary! Her beauty would not then, I sancy, be much noticed, for she would look as mean and as poor as she is in reality. He! he!

Thus ran on the tongue of the intended bride; delighted with an endeavor to render our lovely heroine a subject of ridicule. Her envy and consequent hatred of a girl who dared to be handsome in poverty, was always obvious, and she had often made her future mortification a subject of pleafant contemplation.

Mrs. R. Percival joined with Miss Bullion in exulting at the spectacle of Harriet Montague in a state of humble dependence,

and vowed that she should be perfectly delighted to have her in their train. But when alone with her husband and her mother-in-law, Mrs. R. Percival declared that she had rather see a dozen hobgoblins in their ghostly habiliments than behold the sigure of Letitia Spencer. The honorable trio agreeing in the same sentiments, the letter of which we have before given a copy, was immediately written by Mr. Percival.

Miss Percival and Miss Deborah loudly inveighed against the girl's assurance in having the least idea of appearing in the neighbourhood; the first supposing that she meant to excite the pity of Lord Andover for her frailties; the second, averring that no pity was due to a wretch, who could ensure to his destruction such a man as Captain Millemont, who, she well knew, would not have thought of her, had she not laid traps to decoy him.

Stephen faid that they were too hard upon his coufin Harriet, who, it ought to

be confidered was poor and destitute, and therefore had a right to indulgence. This remark respecting her poverty was an intended gratification to his dear Rebecca, who held no merit equal to that of being rich; no reproach so great as that of poverty. She therefore gave an approving smile and said, "You distinguish well Percival." Such wretches have some claim to be "pitied by us."

Robert, whose malevolence never suffered him to gratify any one, remarked, that so handsome a woman never need be poor, and that he should not wonder to see her one day ride in her own carriage. This brought them all upon him at once, when George, who had stood at a window as if not hearing their conversation, turned round, and taking him by the hand, said, "Well observed Bob. You never uttered a sentence that pleased me better."

" Will you always be an enemy to your own family George?" asked his mother in a reproaching accent.

100 to .

" No madam," he replied, "I wish well

" to every individual of it, and amongst

" the rest to my cousin Harriet, whom,

" upon my word, you do not feem to re-

" gard as belonging to us. Is she not the

" child of my father's fifter? And ought

" fhe not therefore to be-"

"Well George, no more of this now.

" Your cousin Harriet will be taken care

" of, depend upon it, though it is not

" necessary that she should return to the

" Lodge," was the reply of old Mrs. Per-" cival.

"Perhaps," faid Robert, with the grin of an incendiary, "brother George would "wish her to be still more nearly related to our family."

" I should be proud of such a wife Ro"bert, but I love her so well that I would
"rather see her Countess of Andover,"
returned the generous youth.

"You are getting into an impertinent conversation young men," said the sather with

with sternness; "therefore I defire you to "chuse some other subject of discourse."

Robert looked fullen; and George walked out of the room.

Mrs. Mitchel, with much expression in her manner, said to Mrs. R. Percival, "Mr. Robert has suggested an idea that "might be attended with no disagreeable consequences. If George were to marry Miss Montague, her claims would be ab- forbed by the samily."

"Claims! Claims to what?" faid the indignant Miss Bullion, whose consequence felt a severe shock at the idea of calling Letitia sister. "Claims to a sum that "would scarcely find me with pins for a "twelvementh! A pretty consistency, for one brother to ally himself to a woman "with sisty times the fortune of a foreign princes, and another to marry a beggar!"

Mrs. Mitchel who was extremely offended with the manner of the nabob's daughter, made a very cool but farcastic reply about

the danger of being too fecure, and she thus confirmed Mrs. R. Percival's idea of her knowing more than she wished her to know. Alarmed therefore at the gathering warmth between the ladies, she employed all her cunning to turn the matter to a jeft. But her fuccess in the attempt was very imperfect, for the pique on both fides was strong and evident. After the company separated, Mrs. R. Percival expressed her conviction to her mother and fon of Mrs. Mitchel's being acquainted with the fecret of the family: and it foon appeared by Stephen's account of what had passed between him and that lady upon the vifit of Mr. Montague, by what means and to what extent the had obtained her information. Mrs. R. Percival was now half wild with vexation. To be under fear of Mrs. Mitchel, was intolerable: a woman whom the had hitherto maintained in a subordinate fituation! it was not to be borne with patience! And now she fancied that she recollected some late instances of her assump-

tion which had never before occurred to her. What could she do? Nothing; for it was impossible to make the artful woman unbelieve: and fhe could only continue her civilities. For the first time in her life did Mrs. R. Percival attend to the fuggeftion of one of her fons marrying the legal heiress of Spencer Aviary. It would certainly be a fecure method of proceeding. Yet the foon rejected it with fcorn. Should the girl, for whom she had imbibed the most inveterate hatred, be fo well provided for: and call her mother? No. Should either Robert or George facrifice their prospect of allying themselves to riches, by marrying a creature who was, and who deferved to be, entirely destitute! No indeed! For upon confideration, where was the danger! Mrs. Mitchel must be secret upon her own account; for where could the live to genteelly! She might, it was true, hope to be rewarded for making a difcovery. But where was the proof of the fact? Not with Mrs. Mitchel. Mrs. R. Percival therefore VOL. V. determined

determined to be easy and rest upon the wisdom of the lady for not hazarding a certainty for a contingency; and she settled a plan of conduct respecting this menial, which would show a growing sriendship, without either confirming or contradicting the reality of the fact in question, as she did not suppose that Mrs. Mitchel would venture at any explanatory conversation.

About this period another incident happened which was inimical to the views of this all-grasping family.

When Mr. Spencer was first the possessor of the Aviary, the benefices within his patronage were almost all filled with elderly people, who had died before his knowledge of Mr. Barker, a circumstance which had put it out of the good man's power to provide in the manner that he wished for the interests of his young friend. The rectory of Beverly was the best living in Mr. Spencer's gift, and of this, he much wished to see Mr. Barker possessor while the Percivals hoped that it would not be vacant till

it was theirs to bestow; as in this case they had promifed to prefent it to the fon of Mrs. Quaintly, who had always been one of their creatures. But their defign was disappointed by the unexpected death of Mr. Forrester, who though he had not reached the age of fixty, had possessed the rectory of Beverly upwards of thirty years. When the news of this gentleman's decease came to the Percivals, Mrs. Quaintly, who almost lived in the family, was ready to question the justice of Divine Providence, which, she said, had been much more devoutly worshipped by her son, than by that unholy man Barker, who it was not to be doubted would be fixed in the goodly heritage, but she was not to be turned from the righteousness of her ways. It should still be her custom to hail upon her knees the rifing and the fetting fun, and to pray at morning, noon, and evening tide. Thus vauntingly did this hypocrite talk of her religious habits, while her heart was the feat of guile.

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The Percivals, who were greatly chagrined by the event, which, it was known, would fix Mr. Barker in the envied benefice, endeavored to comfort Mrs. Quaintly by affuring her that her fon should have the next vacant living in the patronage. But with tears streaming from her eyes, The declared that nothing could confole her for the loss of dear Beverly rectory; the posfession of which would have set her above all the parish, except the possessors of the Aviary. Leaving her to the mortification which she merited, let us observe that Mr. Spencer fent an express to Mr. Barker upon the information of the death of Mr. Forrester, and that our estimable friend was inducted into the benefice in a very short time, to the complete fatisfaction of every individual in the parish, except the Percivals and their parafites.

By this event Mr. Barker became poffessed of eight-hundred a year, and immediately resigned two small livings which he had before received from Mr. Spencer.

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These were bestowed by this benevolent man upon the youngest son of a numerous family in the neighbourhood. The benefices in question were of such a description as to be tenable with that of Beverly, but the new rector distained the monopoly. He was one of the too sew of his species whose piety was genuine, and who was consequently noble and disinterested.

Mr. Barker had long fince conceived a tender attachment to Mifs Abington, who was not infentible either to his affection or to his merit. But the had no with to leave the fingle life, and he was actuated by too high a fenfe of honor to be fedulous in increasing her partiality, while his finances were infufficient to render her fituation equal to that in which she had been educated. He now, however, gave way to his wishes, and secured the approbation of all the lady's friends for his intention of endeavoring to prevail upon her to favor his addresses.

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The delicacy of Miss Abington's fentiments arose from purity of mind. For many years after the death of the gentleman to whom she was to have been united, fhe was firm in her rejection of every offer. But the high estimation in which Mr. Barker was held by those most dear to her, and the real friendship which for a length of time the herfelf had entertained for him, rendered her unable, when he avowed a ftill dearer attachment, to give an immediate refusal to his pleadings. She promised to consider; and this consideration, aided by the perfuafions of her friends, fo powerfully spoke in favor of the gentleman, that in the space of a few days Mrs. George Abington was impowered to give him a favorable decifion. And now leaving all affairs in a proper train, we will bid a short adieu to Spencer Aviary and return to the Lodge.

The ninth of June is now arrived, and in feven days the family hope to be in poffession of all their wishes. Every article of finery

finery is in the most perfect readiness, and they have nothing left to do but to fit and talk of the approaching period. Miss Bullion was continually at the Lodge, where she was treated as a petty queen. Even Mrs. Mitchel, who flill remembered her infolent manner, deemed it politic to behave to her with politeness, till she should have more proof of the circumstances which she had drawn from Mr. Stephen; for it was her continual bufiness to confider how she might best turn the secret to her own advantage. At length the determined to keep the affair in her own breast till the Percivals were in possession of Beverly; believing that she should then be better rewarded for her filence by them, than by the Spencers for her information; though in either way the confidered the knowledge which fhe had gained as her certain fortune.

Mrs. Quaintly advised that Mr. Stephen should take possession, on the anniversary of his birth, and receive the fair hand of

Miss Bullion on the day following; but Mr. Percival observed, that to prevent any premature proceeding, and that the claim might be complete, they had determined that the birth-day should be celebrated at the Lodge; that they would make their entrée on the second, and on the third, solemnize the nuptials. To this, however, the young lady suggested an objection; alledging, that it would be very improper for her to make one in the procession except as the bride of the lord of the place, and protested that she would not go to Spencer Aviary till her nuptial day. In this refolution she was supported by the artful Mrs. Mitchel, who commended Miss Bullion for her delicacy; and the young lady was fo pleafed by the support, that she declared Mrs. Mitchel ought to fettle the whole plan, and vowed fhe should have the tuition of all her children.

This was Mrs. Mitchel's ultimatum, and it sealed her secrecy. In a very sew words, the arrangements were now finally fettled, and

and the Bishop of the Diocese, who, in consideration of some services rendered to one of his sons in the East Indies, by Mr. Bullion, had promised to perform his daughter's wedding ceremony, returned an answer to the letter of invitation that he would not fail to be at Beverly on the 16th of June.

Miss Martha Abington had been earnestly requested by her dear friend Mrs. R. Percival to make one in their triumphal procession, but she begged to be excused, as the faid that it would be an open infult to such of her own family as were interested in the event, whose hearts she well knew were heavy at the idea of leaving the Aviary, however much they might affect indifference. But as she would not appear with the other party, she had determined to make a vifit to a family in Colchester, where the had been long expected, and in consequence, left Beverly a few days before Letitia's return, to the entire fatisfaction of all her relations, who were perplexed how to act with respect to her, in the importaut affair before them.

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CHAP.

CHAP. CX.

A Vision of the Night.

Valley the party of friends who had paffed fo many days of felicity in that rural fituation, taking with us in our way through. London, the Bifhop of Chichefter; his lady, and the Lord Chancellor, all of whom arrived at Spencer Aviary about ten o'clock in the evening, on the Friday preceding the birth-day of Mr. Stephen Percival, which was on the Monday, and were joyfully received by Mr. Spencer; Mr. and Mrs. Abington; Mr. and Mrs. George Abington; Mifs Abington, and Mr. Barker: and there feemed to be but one heart in the company.

Mr. Spencer once expressed his wish, in which Mrs. G. Abington and Letitia particularly joined, that a previous and private explanation

explanation could take place with the Percivals. But the Chancellor evinced the firong expediency of a public confronting, and remarked, that a tedious and expensive law-fuit, which would probably be the refult of any other mode of proceeding, would deepen the obloquy from which they were defirous to refcue the offenders. He reminded them of the venality of the people in whose breasts the proofs of Miss Spencer's identity were lodged, and observed, that though there could not remain a doubt respecting the issue of such a trial, it would involve the family in a very unpleafant perplexity for an uncertain length of time; whereas the manner in which he purposed to proceed, would drive the opposite party to an evident, though tacit confession of their guilt.

The cogency of his lordship's reasoning could not be opposed, and Mrs. G. Abington only asked if he thought that it would be possible for the Percivals to determine upon a contest after being made acquainted

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with the evidence which had been fecured. To this the truly great lawyer replied-"Would you, my good lady, have ima-" gined or believed that they could have acted fo atrociously, or, in some points, " fo abfurdly as they have done, had not "the facts been cftablished beyond con-" troverfy? If by private remonstrance "they should be urged to acknowledge "their past criminal proceedings, and " make a confequent relinquishment of " their claims, could the circumstance " be hidden from the world! Certainly " not. By a law-fuit they cannot lofe " more, and may gain something: they may " gain partizans; which to them would " doubtless be consolatory. By the me-" thod for which I contend, every voice " must acknowledge our title, as their con-" fusion must avow its reality, and the " probable effect of a fudden and open "attack will be their flight from a vici-" nity in which they could no longer re-" main with honor. And who could wish

" their continuance in this country? Cer-

" tainly no one who wishes well to this

" family, or to them; for here, their foot-

" steps must leave the mark of infamy. I

" admire, madam, your delicacy and your

" tenderness, but your good sense must

" admit that no lenient measures can with

" fafety be used."

Mrs. George Abington submitted, and the rest of the company, who likewise wished for gentle methods, acquiesced with the Chancellor's determination. His Lordship then informed them that he had engaged Mr. Montague's attendance at Beverly, with the landlady from Wapping, on Monday evening; at which time also he expected the samily of Samuel Taylor, and the clerk who had gone with Webster to carry the letter to Mr. Percival.

The next morning all the inhabitants of Spencer Aviary, except Letitia, shewed themselves in the village: but Letitia was not to be seen by any one till the Percivals should appear at the gates; and that no

idea

idea of her should be raised at the Lodge; the strictest secrecy relative to every thing in which she was concerned, was enjoined to the attendants.

When the report of the Chancellor's arrival reached the ears of the Percivals, they were confiderably alarmed, though they knew not upon what account.

- " His coming at this crifis was extremely
- " ftrange!"
 - "What business could he have at the
- " Aviary !"
- . " It was not known that he had any
- " particular acquaintance with the family!"
 - "Yet what could he do, were he even
- " to go there upon bufiness!"
 - " He could not overturn a legal right-
- " as fuch he must believe theirs to be!"
 - " Why then vex themselves!"
 - " Pshaw! it was ridiculous to be dif-
- " turbed about a matter of no confe-
- " quence! Old Spencer was a particular
- " old fellow, and it was doubtless his whim
- "to have the Chancellor present at his relinquishing

" relinquishing the property. That was all."

Thus did people, with diseased confciences, both torture, and endeavor to quiet their minds with "trifles light as "air; which to the jealous, confirmations "are, as strong as Holy Writ."

The Bishop of Chichester, it was well known, was formerly an intimate acquaint-ance of the venerable possessor of the Aviary, yet even his visit, at such a period caused a wonder. Indeed every thing that occurred was of moment. A cloud passing over thesun, or that luminary shining in noon-tide brightness, were incidents of notice, and boded good or evil.

When Mrs. R. Percival went to bed on the night succeding the appearance of the company at the Aviary, she could not, for several hours, close her eye-lids. Hope and apprehension so divided her heart that she was tortured by the contest. At length, for a short time, the realities which surrounded her gave way to the fancies of yision,

vision, and after many imaginary difficulties, she was approaching the Aviary—that fum of all her wishes—in a triumphal car, which was carried through the air by flying ferpents. For a moment, every thing appeared in gay and glowing colors, when a dark fubstance arose before her and impeded her approach to the mansion. It soon swelled to the height of an enormous mountain, on the top of which, arrayed in fnowy robes, fat feveral finiling cherubs, but when they looked on her, they frowned, and pointed to a form below. Infantly fhe faw a man, whom by his robes fhe knew to be the Chancellor, who holding in one hand a whip of scorpions, struck her across the eyes and the prospect vanished from her fight, at which the gave a fcream, and awoke.

The terrors of the vision were so great, that Mrs. Percival was obliged to summon some affishance; and it was a considerable time before she regained any degree of composure.

On the Sunday, both the families met at the Parish Church, when the Bishop, at Mr. Barker's request, instructed the congregation. The text from which he gave an admirable discourse, was, "For He" knoweth the secrets of your hearts," and without any particular design, said so much which the Percivals applied to themselves, that an universal gloom was spread over their countenances, and they previsely decried both the preacher and his doctrine.

The day at the Aviary was spent in a manner very different. Every face wore the fun-shine of internal satisfaction, and every one enjoyed the happiness visible in the others.

On the Monday morning all the forms requifite to establish the lovely Letitia Spencer in her just possession of the Aviary and its domains, were gone through with the utmost accuracy: and with the highest gladness she was faluted queen of the place by every individual present. When these forms were dispatched, she reverentially approached

approached her great grandfather, and with inimitable grace re-delivered to him the deed of relinquishment which he had just figned, and entreated him to make her situation a happy one by considering himself, till his latest hour, the sole possessor of the whole estate. The equanimity which Mr. Spencer endeavored to preserve, was not proof against this conduct. Taking the hand of his lovely descendant in a kind of transport, he led her to Lord Andover, saying, "Thus my child, and thus only, can I reward your abundant merit"—giving to the Earl, whose eyes glistened with delight, the hand which he held.

The happy Seymour bent his knee while he pressed to his lips the inestimable boon, and said, "I did not think any circum-" stance could possibly have enhanced the "value I ever set upon this prize; but "precious as is the gist, it appears to me, "to receive additional worth from the "giver."

Every

Every one was charmed by this address of the young nobleman to the good veteran, who was so greatly loved and reverenced by every heart.

The remainder of the morning was spent in rambles through the enchanting enclofures, and more open pleafure-grounds which were dispersed in the extensive park furrounding the manfion of Spencer Aviary, by a fet of individuals as happy as the most raifed imagination can conceive. Letitia and Lucy walked arm in arm; and earnest in conversation, soon sound themselves at fome little distance from the rest of the company: when indulging their mutual wishes for retirement, they insensibly wandered into the grove appropriated to the accommodation of the tuneful race, which communicated its name to the manfion and the estate. Here they seated themselves in a leafy alcove, while little birds of various descriptions, rendered perfectly tame by familiar treatment, hopped upon the grafs before them, and appeared to render homage

to their new mistress, by exerting their harmonious powers as they moved around.

" How happy, my dear Letitia," faid Lucy, "do you make us all! Even these " beautiful chorifters feem to acknowledge " you as their queen, for furely never be-" fore did they fill the air with fuch grate-" ful melody! But for you, what a day of " forrow would this have been to us all!" "But for me my Lucy!" replied Miss Spencer. "Oh! how little do I merit " fuch an acknowledgment from any " one! For what am I in myself! If " joy and gratitude arise in any heart, "they only can have one direction. One " Source gives all our felicity. One Great "Object claims all our thanks. A few " weeks back, who was more destitute " than I! Pain me not therefore, my dear

"fifter, by faying but for me!"
"Your fuperior way of thinking," anfwered Lucy, "I ever acknowledged with
"fincere delight. It is my pride that I
"owe much to your friendly correction.

Even

"Even in the present instance, your re"proof is necessary; for though I do endea"vor to raise my heart to the First Great
"Cause, who can give blessings under
"various forms, yet your existence is so
dear to me, that without you, there
fearcely appears to me a possibility of
happiness. But I will try, I think,"
added she smiling, "to love you less."

"No my Lucy," faid our heroine, "ne"ver let me live to experience any abate"ment of the affection I so dearly prize.

"Let me be secure of the second place in
"my sister's heart. The first I resign to
"Clifford."

"A hint for me to give way to Sey-"mour," faid Lucy; "but I almost grudge "him the pre-eminence, and yet he de-"ferves it; for sure he stands unrivalled "in excellencies!"

"Well may you blush Lucy," said Letitia, blushing herself, "at the infincerity of that exclamation. I will not deny my fense of his merits, though I do not allow

" allow his being unequalled. How has he whom I now fee through yonder glade deserved such a declaration?"

Lucy's eye, following that of her fifter, discovered Clifford at a distance. Her blush was deepened, and reclining her head on Letitia's shoulder, she said in a gentle accent—"I will not disown my being "happy in his affection, nor my thinking "that he merits my highest esteem. But he turns this way. I am almost forry he is coming, for my heart is so softened by "the happiness of the day, that he will fee more of the tenderness of my temper "than I wish should be visible."

"But why my Lucy veil yourfelf to fuch a man as that?"—was her fifter's queftion as the subject of their conversation approached their retirement.

"Lovely fifters! Amiable pair of friends!
"Say Mifs Spencer—had you rather re"main uninterrupted? Inviting as is the
fituation, I will return if my intrufion is
"unwished,"

" unwished,"—was Clifford's address as he advanced.

" Make room fifter," faid Letitia, " or " I will give Mr. Clifford my feat."

"If I am permitted to ftay," faid he, as Lucy moved, "I will fit here"—throwing himself upon the verdant turf at their feet. "The picture is too beautiful to be dif-"turbed."

A conversation now ensued in which every one expressed a sense of the highest felicity, and Lucy did indeed discover a more than usual degree of tenderness. The hand of Clifford, in which he held one of her's, was moistened by a tear that dropped from her eye when she acknowledged the greatness of her happiness. Just then Lord Andover, who had been seeking for his friend and was told by his servant he had walked towards the Aviary, entered the rotunda from a side avenue. Upon seeing the happy groupe, he stopped, not knowing, as he afterwards told them, whether to contemplate or to add to the party.

For

For fome moments he flood unperceived, but Lucy lifting up her head faw him and exclaimed-" Now, now we want"-nothing more—fhe would have faid, but confcious of the construction which her exclamation must admit, she dropped her eyes and met those of Frederic, who with fincere delight was observing her emotion, but fearful of embarraffing her, instantly averted his looks. Seymour now advanced and feated himself by the fide of Clifford, when the conversation was renewed with increased selicity, and till the dinner bell fummoned them to join the rest of their friends, they thought not of departing from the grove, where every thing defirable, on this fide of Heaven, feemed to centre.

Can any of our perufers form an idea of more fupreme earthly blifs than that which filled the hearts of the four amiable beings above mentioned! The most exalted opinion and the highest glow of servency confpired to create the purest love.—Love, which Angels might acknowledge and man delight

delight in.—Love, in its genuine fense; such as the beneficent Creator of the Universe implanted in the soul of mortals, to soften the cares of life and sweeten its bitters: to give in this foretaste of Heaven, a desire for its suller delights. What but love can harmonize the rough mind of man! What but love, dignify that of woman! To this it gives consequence; to that, conciliation: and to both a desire of doing acts worthy of the approbation of the object of affection.

But think not, ye simple boys and girls, that the sever of your spirits, to which the name of love has unthinkingly been given, deserves the glorious appellation: nor believe ye sordid and ambitious, that the intemperate pursuit of the riches and honors annexed to the object ye are desirous to secure, has a whit better title to the noble epithet of affection. A love of person, creates the first; a love of self, the second; but genuine affection can only be produced in a breast capable of admiring every thing Vol. V.

truly amiable, and of loving, with fincerity, every thing really virtuous.

Love—pure love, as we just now intimated, teaches men virtue; and we likewise affirm that virtue teaches men to love; for how can the heart where virtue presides, be insensible to the charms of an agreeable form which virtue actuates! To suffer imaginary wisdom or fancied consequence to suppress this noblest of the human passions, is to endeavor to rise superior to the designs of the Great Creator—to be wifer than even GOD himself. Men and women are doubtless sit companions for each other. If not—who is chargeable with the inequality?

Let pedants answer fairly to this question.

Education, it may be alledged, debases the female sex, and renders it too trisling for the serious conversation of men of understanding. Where then does the fault of education rest? If man is really a superior being, why does he not govern his family according to his wisdom, and com-

mand

mand that his daughters receive fuch instructions as will qualify them to act the important part for which they are defigned by nature? But if that part of education which teaches our girls the airs and graces of a fine lady be contemptible in the eye of the fages of the other fex, how much more deserving of ridicule is a young gentleman of feventeen at the dancing school, with his feet in the flocks!-instructed in nothing but in the art of making himself agreeable to the ladies! Is this one of the fex that looks down from a fancied elevated fland in nature, upon the world of females in general! Can a little subsequent instruction in Latin and Greek, added to two or three years residence within the walls of a college, render the mighty man of fo much confequence as to hold in difdain those species of beings which his Creator called into existence and pronounced to be his meet companions!! Nothing but conceit or arrogance, or invulnerable stupidity can dare to affert that women were E 2 created

created as unworthy objects of man's affection. We do not contend for that equality of capacity which some celebrated heroines have written to affert. No; men have advantages which women are denied, and women abilities which men can never attain: so differently and so wisely has the Great Creator of both, endowed the sexes, that they might be useful as well as agreeable companions, or—in other words, meet helps—to each other.

Strength of body, and perhaps of mind, appertains in general, to the masculine race of beings; but then beauty of person and fineness of understanding is as generally monopolized by the semales. Probably the pre-eminence contended for by the first, arose originally from their superiority in muscular strength. Be that as it may, it would puzzle even a Woolstonecrast to find the smallest pretext for the superiority of women; equality being all that ever was contended for by the strongest semale partizan.

CHAP.

CHAP. CXI.

The Sixteenth of June.

THE dinner bell summoned from more than areadian happiness, Lord Andover; Mr. Clifford, and the two lovely sisters, who at the skirts of the grove encountered Miss Abington and Mr. Barker, whose milder selicity would have been as conspicuous to an observer, as that which glowed with higher radiance in the countenances of the more juvenile couples. A smile of complacency from all around, expressed the pleasure which the unexpected meeting occasioned, and the happiness of each individual was heightened by a consideration of that which the others experienced.

Soon after dinner was ended, Lord Andover was fummoned to a fervant who had arrived express from London. His busi-

ness was to deliver some writings which his lordship, at Miss Spencer's defire, had ordered to be expedited. The Chancellor was then requested to affist, and Letitia in his presence executed the deed, which Lord Andover witnessed, the purport of which was, to empower her father to charge the Aviary estate with thirty thousand pounds for his younger children. When this was delivered to Mr. E. Spencer, he folded his daughter to his heart and kiffed her in the fondest manner, but spoke not, for he was too much affected to use language. The family in general received the communication in the same manner, and Letitia was fo oppressed with their acknowledgments, that she was obliged to retire to her own apartment, and make perfect filence, respecting what she called the indispensable circumstance, a condition of her return to company: that condition. agreed to, she appeared at the tea-table.

Nothing could be more perfect than the harmony which reigned amongst this select

company.

company. Convivial and congenial, they enjoyed the truest happiness experienced by the sons and daughters of mortality. Mr. Spencer the Good—for that was the epithet which he truly deserved—seemed to be carried back to the period of youth, and he spoke on the blessings which were showered upon them with a liveliness and energy that gave additional warmth to the hearts of his hearers. The chancellor, who was more celebrated for strength, than gentleness, of mind, said—"My dear Sir, you" fosten me beyond my nature, at the same time that you make me sensible of more than common dignity of soul."

The bishop faid—" Mr. Spencer never fpeaks, but he elevates my ideas. The next world has always such an imme-

"diate connection in his eye, with this,

" that whenever he talks, I feem advancing

" in my way to Heaven, without the least

" fense of either distance or difficulty

" between."

"Thank GOD," faid Mr. Edward E 4 "Spencer,

"Spencer, "that he has been spared to us till this period; for unspeakable as is the joy which we experience in finding our beloved child, it would have received great abatement had his presence and participation been wanting."

"To have been made a mean of happi"nefs to any of my friends must ever
"have afforded me the highest delight
"I could receive on this side Heaven,"
replied Letitia, with a crimsoned cheek;
"but that my grandsather Spencer lives
"to partake of the satisfaction which the
"recent change of circumstances has given
"to his family, every one present will al"low me to say is the consideration which
"most particularly heightens my pleasure
"and my gratitude."

"Forbear my children" faid the venerable parent, "thus to affect me. You "make me fenfible of weaknesses I wish to guard against. The prospect around me "is such, that, did not the infirmities of my body remind me of my age, it might "allure

" allure my view through many future years of terrestrial enjoyment. But " thanks to that beneficent Being who has fo kindly ordained an increasing imbecillity to weaken our love of this 66 world's pleasures and to draw our wishes. to that in which we are promifed a renewal of youth and strength which shall 66 never know decay. I only look forward. to a removal from these happy scenes; for I think that I have nothing now to " do but to die. What more can I be " bleffed with in this fublunary ftate?, "What indeed is there left me even to " wish for? To expect a pure and cloudless sky within this troubled vortex, is inconfistent with the nature of our fituation. Light and shade form the beauty-" of our prospects. It is only in a higher region that eternal funshine gilds the day.. At prefent, indeed, all around us appears. " ferene. The only cloud that intervenes, " is the darkened mind of my grand-" daughter Eleanor, and even that will I E 5 " hope. " hope in time be purified. Her mor-" tification must unavoidably be great, " and I trust her contrition will succeed." "Let us therefore look forward, no-" thing doubting, with joy and gratitude; " prepared to receive the unpleasant as " well as the pleasant incidents of life; " the first being proofs, equally with the " last, of Heavenly care and kindness. " The less we are attached to this life, the " less occasion is there for us to be visited " by misfortune, as the more we are wed-" ded to its pleasures, the greater is the " necessity for Him, who watches for our " welfare, to strew afflictions in our paths, " that we may withdraw our hearts from " transitory happiness. In my former life-" I have often been sensible of the efficacy " of forrow. At this period, joy appears " to usurp its office, for every additional " felicity which I experience, feems more " and more to expand my heart towards " a still better inheritance, and to add fer-" vor to my wishes for that state where no " ideas

" ideas of separation shall shade our hap-"
" piness."

While the good man continued speaking the most perfect silence marked the attention of every auditor, and when he ceased, they for some moments forbore to reply, lest they should interrupt what he might farther intend to say. But, when they perceived that he had ended, they broke into the warmest expressions of love and reverence; every one saying something which evinced peculiar satisfaction that the discovery had been permitted to take place before his translation to brighter Regions—to Regions of more pure selicity.

In the cool of the evening, the company amused themselves in the gardens, till upon the arrival of some carriages they returned into the house, where they sound those people whom the chancellor had summoned to Beverly to aid his design upon the Percivals. Soon after their arrival, the servants were all ordered to appear in the great hall, where they were properly informed of

the circumstances of the time, and received orders how to conduct themselves on the ensuing morning.

A general joy animated every breaft, upon being presented to their young lady and old master, and they congratulated each other with tears of gladness upon the prospect of their still living together: so united were all the branches of this truly arcadian family, from the highest to the lowest.

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CHAP. CXII.

We will now attend the bufy Family at the Lodge; reverting to the Period of Mrs. R. Percival's being fo much affected by a Vision of the Night.

HEN she arose in the morning, she found herself so very unwell, that, Mr. Percival judging it expedient to send for a physician, Doctor Wilfred was summoned, who pronounced a hurry of spirits to be the occasion of the lady's indisposition, and recommended repose: but repose at the present criss, could not possibly be experienced. Her sould was in commotion, and all that the Doctor could prevail upon her to do, was to lose a small quantity of blood; for notwithstanding that it was Sunday, she had much important business to transact relative to the ensuing days.

Late as it was, the debate respecting the

the propriety of inviting the people of the Aviary and Shrubbery [that was their irreverent expression, to either of the festivals, had not yet been concluded. They had previously announced with all due form, " that Mr. Stephen Percival, the true incon-" testible, just and lawful heir, in right of " his mother, of all the estates belonging to " the late Humphrey Charlton, Esq. would, " on Tuesday the seventeenth of June, being " the day after that which would complete his " title to the estates above mentioned, make his entry into the mansion of Spencer Aviary, " there to abide for the remainder of his " natural life, &c. &c;" but no intimation had been given that the birth-day would be celebrated with splendor. Stephen judged it proper to invite their relations; as the omission must be termed a breach of that apparent cordiality which had for fome time past subsisted between the families.

The cordiality Mr. Percival faid, had been so much interrupted by their impertinent. tinent interference in Seymour's affairs, that he could not think it requifite to take any notice of them on the enfuing occafion; and as an invitation had not before been given, he thought it would be abfurd to invite them at that period.

That no notice should be taken of the people—was therefore determined upon.

Mr. Murray and Mr. Tomkins, two professors of the law were now announced; after which, feveral hours were fpent by the gentlemen in perufing and executing deeds and fettlements; by the ladies, intrying their various new dreffes for the two grand days. Mr. Bullion, who with his wife, had arrived at the Lodge on the evening before, was all buftle and importance. " His Becca was one of the richest' " heiresses, and would soon be one of the " first women in the three kingdoms." Ben-"Bullion was no pauper!" " Let HIM " alone for producing the chink!" He-" would count guineas with any Duke in " the Nation." " Had toiled h-ll-shly. " hard

" hard for what he had got!" "The poor black d—v—ls used to stare and how! "most cursedly when they saw him approaching!"

With fuch infamous boafting of rapine, and probably of murder, did this monied monfier endeavour to impress a sense of his consequence, while Stephen Percival paid the most adulating attention to every sentence. Mrs. Bullion was not of equal importance amongst the ladies, for Miss treated her mama with so much indignity that it degraded her in the opinion of other people.

The morning of the fixteenth of June, now dawning upon the Percivals, is ufhered in, by the ringing of all the bells in the vicinity. The Lodge is crouded with company, and the family receives the most flattering compliments of congratulation on the joyful occasion. Throughout the day, nothing is heard but sounds of festivity, and a most sumptuous entertainment is partaken of by all who accepted the invitation.

invitation. The anxiety of Mrs. R. Percival is almost subsided. She begins to seel herself secure; though she cannot forbear frequently to breathe her servent wish for the close of the ensuing day.

Miss Bullion was perfectly elated with her prospect; yet even *she* wished for the arrival of the period which was to secure beyond a possibility of disappointment, her terrestrial selicity.

Old Mrs. Percival fmiled a finile of venom. She gloried in the fuccess of her schemes, and laughed at Providence, while she expressed her concurrence with Mrs. Quaintly's affertion, that it was Heaven's design that the descendants of Mrs. R. Percival should enjoy the goodly heritage.

The brow of Mr. Percival feemed darkened by care. He tried to express a sense of joy, but the appearance would not fit upon his features, though his mother, like Lady Macbeth, reproached him with cowardice. To her he replied that he had as much considence in their prospects as she

had

had; and as much happiness; but that he thought a manly expression of his satisfaction more becoming his time of life, than the gaiety suitable only to youthfulness. Notwithstanding this affertion, the heart of Mr. Percival was sad: not from the least degree of compunction, but from a cause by him unfathomable.

Music; dancing, and various other species of entertainment, employed the family and the company. Wine was distributed in such ample quantities, that very sew in the house retired to their beds in perfect sobriety. Even the ladies, exceeding their usual allowance, were sensible of increased hilarity from its effects. But as scenes like these are uncongenial with our purity, and disgusting to our favorite perusers, we will convey them to the rising of the sun on the day ensuing; the transactions of which, claim a chapter to themselves.

CHAP. CXIII.

Virtue and Vice in Relievo.

in the sky on the morning of the impatiently-expected seventeenth of June. Even the winds seemed to conspire to render the day delightful; the western breeze alone playing in the air, which otherwise the beams of the midsummer sun would have warmed to an unpleasant degree.

The festivity of the preceding day was no way comparable to that of this great epoch in our history which the present chapter is intended to commemorate; for now the whole country for several miles round, seemed to be in agitation. All the tenants from the great to the small, were summoned to swell the procession of the Percivals to Spencer Aviary, and every samily in the country pressed to increase

the

the train of the triumphing party. Many that were invited were too dependent upon the Lords of Beverly to refuse the invitation: their attachment to their revered patron, who then inhabited the mansion, would otherwise have prevented their compliance; and scarcely any who appeared in the cavalcade went merely as a friend.

Our readers will again revert to the 88th chapter of our labors, if they wish to refresh their ideas of the projected entrance, which underwent very little alteration from the original design.

The prelate who was to perform the nuptial ceremony, arrived at Beverly on the evening before, and all the rest of the company appeared there in time to partake of a breakfast, which would have done honor to the gardens of an English Ambasfador in a foreign country.

After the repast, the carriages and bands of music were ordered to be in readiness: the horse and foot, were likewise summoned

to their stations, that all might move at the same moment.

In the first coach, drawn by fix very beautiful cream coloured horses with black manes and tails, harnessed in the most superb manner, fat Mrs. R. Percival; Miss Bullion; Mr. Stephen and the reverend bishop; the ladies now dressed with the utmost magnificence imagination can portray, and the bridegroom-elect no less sumptuously apparelled.

In the fecond coach was Mr. Percival and his mother, with Mrs. Bullion.

The third conveyed the two young ladies, with Robert and George; the latter grieving at being obliged to attend upon an occasion which he feared would give pain to many friends whom he most fincerely valued.

Mrs. Mitchel and Mrs. Quaintly, who was confidered as one of the family, occupied the fourth, accompanied by the fon of the lady last mentioned (he being appointed domestic chaplain to the intended

new household) and one of the lawyers; the other being dispatched as a herald to announce the approach of the imaginary heir and his retinue.

The following carriages were filled with the invited gentlemen and ladies, attended by a long train of fervants in the gayest liveries; the people on foot and musicians, as had been pre-determined, keeping pace with the horses, which moved flowly forward. Besides these, a great many smart young gentlemen (amongst whom were several officers mounted upon prancing horses) rode at random, and created an agreeable consustion. The herald was preceded by two servants blowing french horns, and before the first carriage, were several musicians with various instruments.

The ribband for favors, cockades and fireamers, was of a bright orange-color.

The order of their alighting was fettled with much folemnity, and it was decreed that immediately after the form of taking possession had been legally gone through, the fair and yielding hand of Miss Rebecca Bullion was, by his Reverend Lordship, to be secured to Mr. Stephen Percival for ever.

We will now leave the procession to move at leisure and attend to what passed at Spencer Aviary.

Very different from the tumultuous expectations which agitated the Percivals, were the fenfations which filled the breafts of the inhabitants of this peaceful dwelling on their awaking from their quiet and healthful fleep. Not defittute perhaps of anxiety respecting the events of the ensuing day; they were perfectly free from that boisterous joy or pain which tears the bosom of deliberate guilt when it is successful, or when it fails.

The family at the Aviary arose in the morning at an early hour, to receive some company which the Chancellor desired might be invited to witness the conduct of the Percivals, on the appearance of Miss Spencer. Amongst several others, was Mr.

Lewis,

Lewis, the fellow-captive of Mr. G. Abington; with whom (though we have not lately had occasion to mention him) that gentleman held a confrant and most friendly intercourse. Mr. Lewis was accompanied by his lady and a beautiful daughter about the age of thirteen. A Mr. Kelby, likewife, an eminent gentleman of the law, with his two fons, arrived at the fame time, and upon the fame account; and very unexpectedly, though not unwelcomely, Mr. Fonnereau, the admirer of Matilda Spencer, from Bankfield in Warwickshire, drove his phaeton up to the portico. The company was feated at breakfast when a servant delivered Mr. Fonnereau's compliments, upon which the check of Matilda was fuffufed with crimfon, but as nobody appeared to notice her confusion, she recovered herself fo far as to be able to receive his address with a tolerable grace, though not without his gathering hope from her embarraffment.

Sir Horace and lady Fortescue; the earl and counters of Belmont, with their

fon Lord Blandford, an accomplished young nobleman, and several others of respectable character, added to the company.

The ringing of bells had long been heard from every quarter, and the found of martial mufic, at a diffance, was now very diftinguishable; upon which the Chancellor expressed his wish to have breakfast finished as soon as convenient, that every thing might be properly arranged before the arrival of the expected party. His wish was instantly complied with. Every one was soon ready to be disposed of according to his direction.

The buildings at Spencer Aviary were furrounded, at some distance from the house, by a sunk-sence, of an irregular sigure, over which were thrown, in divers directions, several bridges; some conspicuous, others hardly to be seen at ten yards distance. Just without the gates of the principal one which fronted the grand entrance, had been spread the evening before, a very large tent of green filk, the curtains Vol. V.

of which could in an inftant, be drawn up into festoons. Within this tent all the company, Mr. Spencer and Mrs. G. Abington (who had retired to their apartments) excepted, were seated by order of the Chancellor; and were requested to pay attention to what should pass on the arrival of the approaching invaders.

Letitia, who had endeavored to exert all her fortitude, and who had, till this period, appeared composed and collected, was now overpowered by the arduous circumstances of the moment, and fell lifeless into the arms of Lord Blandford and Mr. Clifford, between whom she was sitting. Lord Andover, apprehensive of this effect of the morning's business, had for some time watched her countenance, and feeing her fall, sprang to her and affifted in leading her into the more open air, where she soon recovered. Then making apologies for the buftle which fhe had occasioned (for everybody was alarmed,) she hoped she said that she should now go through the task allotted to her, though

though fhe wished that her presence had not been deemed requisite; but as she was told it could not be dispensed with, she had submitted to the painful necessity, and was forry the strength of her mind was insufficient for the occasion.

The lovely Letitia never appeared more beautiful than at this moment. She was deeply affected at being obliged to diffress the most inveterate of her enemies; who had not only endeavored to deprive her of her birth-right, but to plunge her amongst the most infamous and wretched of her fex: and would willingly, had it been permitted. have compromifed the business, and pardoned all their crimes against her :- an inclination to forgive which those who "love " justice more than mercy," will deem an unpardonable weakness. It was a weakness however which we so truly venerate, that we confider it as one of the brightest traits in the disposition of our heroine, composed as that was, of the purest-of the most angelic qualities. Yet she did not F 2 make

make an oficintations display of her clemency. She did not officiously talk of her feelings: on the contrary—knowing the necessity of the proceeding, she endeavored to suppress her sense of its severity till the tenderness of her nature subdued her fortitude.

The herald, preceded by his two musicians, now appeared at the porter's lodge, and was, in a few minutes at the upper gates. The Chancellor, professionally habited, advanced to receive him, when with studied folemnity he said in an audible voice-" My Lord! for I understand I am " fpeaking to the Chancellor of England, " I come in the name of Stephen Percival " Efq. the only true and lawful heir of " these domains, to demand free and un-" controuled entrance into the manfion of " Spencer Aviary, for himself; his friends, " and his fervants, that he may there live -" and dwell for evermore, according to "the last will and testament of his great,

" great grandfather, Humphry Charlton " Efg. late lord of all Beverly."

"Let him come to me," faid his lordfhip abruptly, in answer to this pompous speech: "and do you fir take notice of the "reception which he will meet."

The lawyer was confiderably furprifed at both the words and manner of the Chancellor, and well knowing his great abilities, and that he would not act without due confideration and authority, he began to fuspect something might be amiss on the part of his clients, he therefore determined to be attentive to what was passing, and a little cautious in the business, that he might not take the wrong side of the question.

At this inftant the cavalcade entered the park, when his lordship advancing to the tent defired the company to be in readiness, saying to Miss Spencer—"You must now, "iny dear child, recollect you are doing your duty to GOD; to your friends; your country; yourself, and posterity.

" Nothing less than the conduct which F 3 " you

"you are requested to observe can avert calamities to your family; save your encmies from utter ruin and disgrace, and prevent the last hours of your great grandsather from being scenes of trouble and diffress."

"O! fir," replied Letitia, "what in-"eiting motives do you lay before me! I "trust I shall have strength to do what "you and my other friends require."

As the first coach approached the gates, surrounded by music and servants, the Chancellor lest the tent and walked towards the procession. The doors of the carriages, now all drawn up, were instantly opened, and Mrs. R. Percival; Miss Bullion; Mr. Stephen, and the Bishop alighted and were advancing to the gates, when the great law-lord, assuming an air of true importance, walked up to the young gentleman and said in a firm tone,

"Mr. Stephen Percival, I prefume."

"The same sir," replied Mr. Stephen, bowing low.

" And

"And I am his mother my lord," faid the impatient lady; "come hither, as you "have doubtless been informed, to take "possession of our lawful right and inhe-"ritance."

" By what authority madam?" afked the Chancellor.

"By what authority fir! By the autho"rity of my great grandfather Charlton's
"will. My fon Stephen, in right of his
"mother is the owner of the Beverly
"eftate," replied Mrs. Percival with a
fluttering heart.

"Are you madain fure of that?" asked his lordship; then without waiting for an answer, called to the servants, who had been previously directed, to pull the cords; upon which the curtains of the tent were instantly drawn up and the whole company discovered.

Mrs. R. Percival, who by this time was furrounded by her friends, stood in amazement; when the Chancellor stepping back, took the hand of Letitia, while his lordship

of Chichester supported her on the other side, the rest of the company (Taylor and his wife in the front) following her in due order, and said,

"MISS LETITIA SPENCER, THE ELDEST

"GREAT GRAND CHILD OF THE LATE MR.

"CHARLTON, GIVES ME AUTHORITY TO

"EID WELCOME TO THE MANSION OF

"SPENCER AVIARY, ALL THE FRIENDS OF

"HER FAMILY. IF YOU, MADAM, ARE OF

"THAT NUMBER—"He was proceeding with much folemuity in his voice and manner, when a shocking scream, something like a groan, from the lady he addressed, interrupted him.

When the first faw the lovely object of her treachery, she stood transfixed. When the nurse; her husband; Captain Montague, and Mrs. Carter advanced, and the Chancellor presented Miss Letitia Spencer—she heard no more: horror seized her soul. The whole design stood confessed and overwhelmed her senses, till the violence of her inward commotions prevail-

ng, fhe gave the fercam above-mentioned, and fell, in ftrong convulfions, into the arms of her fon, whose countenance was paler, if possible, than that of death itself.

The scene which succeeded was too horrid to be regularly portrayed, were our powers of description equal to the attempt. The whole park was in consustion, as the delegates of the Chancellor performed their mission, by giving the company from the Lodge a proper explanation of the cause of the disorder. Mr. Percival with a menacing air approaching his lordship, in violent invectives, accused him with the murder of his wife; and indeed it was almost apprehended that she had left the scene forever. Our great lawyer slood perfectly tranquil and in an elevated tone, said—

" Did I fpeak daggers," fir? Words "were my only weapons. Your own "friends can witness what they were."

This enraged him to almost madness, while his mother darted through the crowd like a persect sury. Letitia was terrified,

and earneftly entreated permission and affistance to withdraw. But the was defired not to go farther than the tent, and to this the was conducted by her mother and Lord Andover, who used every method to calm and foothe her mind, which was exquifitely pained by the spectacle of the distress occafioned by her presence. Had her own happiness indeed been alone in the question. the would readily and gladly have relieved this distress by almost any means in her power: and the now ferioufly regretted the confent which she had given to appear before Mrs. R. Percival in this fudden and public manner. But as it was now too late to suspend any of the proceedings, she could only compaffionate the prefent fufferings of her former persecutors; and feel for those, who had never felt for her.

In the mean time the confusion in the park became general. While Mrs. R. Percival was supported on a chair that had been carried from the tent, and methods. used to recover her from a strong convul-

five fit, which rendered it impossible to feat her in the coach, Miss Bullion seemed petrified with aftonishment. She could not, for fome time, comprehend the meaning of the buftle, but when she was made acquainted with the truth of the circumstances, her surprise was converted into rage, and the uttered the most violent and indecent language. In vain did her father and mother, who were themselves sufficiently chagrined, endeavor to pacify her by urging that "they were on the right fide of the " hedge;" that the engagement was now null and void, and the at liberty to make another choice, &c. Nothing could calm the torrent of her passion: her pride, not her love (for Mr. Stephen Percival, abstracted from circumstances, was to her an object of absolute indifference) was humbled to the dust. Instead of being the very first personage in the vicinity, she was, and might long remain, only Miss Bullion, " daughter to people of no consequence." This was her difrespectful language of those

F 6

to whom the owed her origin. At length wearied with abufing the authors of her difgrace, the hurried to her father's coach and ordering him and her mother to get in, immediately commanded the postillions to drive as fast as possible to Bullion Bower; where we will leave her to a disappointment rendered absolutely intolerable by the confideration of the happiness of that girlthat despifed Harriet Montague-that girl; who of all girls in the world she detested for her beauty and prefumption, and who was now in a fituation fo greatly fuperior to her own. At first, so great was her rage against the Percivals for daring to deceive. HER, that this fource of mortification was almost unheeded: but when it was attended to, it was more than the could endure. The confequences were a fit; a fever, and for fome time, a delirium.

Miss Percival; Miss Deborah; Robert, and George, experienced various emotions upon being informed of the outlines of the story. The two young ladies hated Letitia

with

with inveteracy, both for her beauty and her conquests over hearts which they themselves wished to secure: and her advancement would in itself have been a subject of lamentation; and particularly, in the present case, to Miss Percival, as the presence of Lord Andover (whom she still retained some hope to conquer when she should have had the increased consequence of residing at Spencer Aviary) lest no doubt of their ensuing union. These considerations added to the disgrace of their family, overwhelmed them with shame and forrow.

Robert spoke not one syllable. Something like a sullen satisfaction arose in his breast at the disappointment of his brother, who, on account of his seniority, had for some time past been an object of his envy syet ashamed of the disgraceful business, he took a horse from one of the servants and rode back to the Lodge. George, in whose younger breast every generous and every noble passion dwelt, sted the scene from different motives. He likewise took one

of his father's horses, but instead of returning home, rode post to Cambridge; being determined never more to reside with his family.

When Mrs. Mitchel faw the affemblage in the tent, and diffinguished Letitia, she instantly conceived the cause of the succeeding confusion, and said, in a manner which evinced her having had some previous knowledge of the circumstances—" Cursed sate! What a fiend is here con-" jured up at this criss!"

Mr. William Kelby, who was one of the gentlemen deputed by the Chancellor to differinate the particulars of the flory in a proper manner, was just behind her when the spoke, and being aware of the advantage her confession would afford to the cause of truth, said "I find, madam, I need "not inform you of the cause of this confusion: you are already acquainted with "the affair."

"O! yes, I have known—Sir! who are you pray! What reason have you to "fuppose

"fuppose I was privy—I do not underfand you Sir"—was the unguarded reply which an involuntary desire of being thought knowing, and a recollection of consequences, drew from Mrs. Mitchel.

" Dear madam! of what efficacy is your caution now! Situated as you have been, it is not much to be wondered at that you thought yourfelf obliged to keep the fecret," faid the gentleman who was afterwards an honor to the Bar.

"No, Sir, I have not been obliged to keep the fecret," returned the governess, whose affronted pride distanced her prudence, "for I discovered it myself by mere accident. I was not entrusted."

"You however are acquainted with the "circumstances, madam; and you did not "think it proper to reveal them," replied. Mr. Kelby.

"It was nor till very lately, fir, that I "
"knew the affair perfectly; and I have
"balanced in my mind what, protected as
"I have been by the family at the Lodge,

" reclitude

" rectitude required me to do in the busi" ness. I will affure you I have been
" prompted to make the discovery," again
returned Mrs. Mitchel, midway between
pride and prudence.

Mr. Edmund Kelby had been fome time near his brother, who had given him a fign to liften to the lady, and when she finished her last speech he said, "Brother, you will" " remember this lady's words." Then turning to her-" We are greatly indebted " to you madam. You will not refuse to " repeat what you have now faid when call-" ed upon in a proper place and manner." In faying which he bowed and left her in the highest astonishment and perplexity. Mrs. Quaintly who was near, begged her to explain what was going forward; bleffing herfelf and declaring that the knew not what to think; but protesting that if Heaven took the part of the ungodly there would be no living in the world with fafety.

The Bishops of Chichester and of the Diocese

Diocese now met, when the first said to the other, "Brother, I am forry to see you "under any engagements to the party "with which you came hither. Are you "fo circumstanced as to be obliged to re-"turn to the Lodge?"

"Certainly not," replied the other.

"If, as there feems reason to apprehend,

the samily has acted with duplicity, I

shall not think it right to countenance

their conduct by my company."

A few words of explanation fettled the business between these clerical lords. The Prelate of Chichester proposed to the other to go to the Aviary, and said that he thought his influence, properly exerted, might induce the Percivals to submit to the necessity of yielding to the cause of rectitude, without making themselves still more notorious by determining upon litigation. This was immediately agreed to, and the two reverend gentlemen went and mixed with Mr. Spencer's company.

The efforts to recover Mrs. Percival

from her fit, were long unfuccefsful. At length however she opened her eyes, and not seeing Letitia, she exclaimed-" And " is the gone? Or have I been in a cause-" less terror? Was she never here. Tell " me, tell what has been-" at that moment her eyes caught fight of nurse Taylor, and fhe faid with her teeth fhut-" O thou execrable wretch! Thou infernal " monster! All this is owing to thee, " thou diabolical"-

" Indeed, madam," faid the woman interrupting her, "it was not any longer in " my power to hide"

" Peace thou wretch! thou perjured " wretch!" exclaimed the almost frantic Mrs. R. Percival, in a raifed tone of voice.

"How often hast thou sworn-what dread-

" ful imprecations used—that death itself

" should not lead thee to reveal"

"Mother! mother! what do you. " mean" interrupted Mr. Stephen. "To

" whom do you fpeak? And what are you

" talking about ?"

" What

"What do you mean Eleanor?" afked Mr. Percival, following his fon's hint. "You have been taken ill, and had better "return to the Lodge, if you are not able "to proceed."

"Return!" faid old Mrs. Percival in a fury nothing thort of madnets. KETURN! "But yes, we will return, and come back fagain, to the confusion of all opposers"— darting a look of dire malignity at the Chancellor, who, with Mr. Kelby, stood making proper observations on what was passing.

"Who madam opposes your now pro"ceeding?" asked his lord(hip. "The
"path is free;" standing back and waving
his hand toward the gates. "The friends
"of virtue will always be welcome at Spen"cer Aviary. You cannot say that you
"are prohibited an entrance. On the
"contrary, I repeat an invitation in Miss
"Spencer's name to as many of the com"pany here assembled as will favor her
"with their presence,"

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The Chancellor spoke in so audible a voice, that he was clearly heard by the whole circle, every one having crouded up towards the gates, to learn the full particulars of the difastrous event. This invitation increased the ire of the Percivals; and rage was fo predominant that they could not, for fome moments, make any reply: till at length Mr. Stephen, whose smooth policy had not, even on this trying occafion, entirely deferted him, faid that as he perceived his mother was too ill to go into company; he thought it would be proper to convey her home, after which he would return to the Aviary to investigate the cause of the unaccountable buftle which had taken place.

"Fool! Poltroon! Coward!" exclaimed his grandmother with added fury, from a despair which the idea of a return created; "What, quit the premises!" "Give" way to the insolent threatenings of "wretches whom you ought to crush under your feet! You merit ejection; and "are no longer of my blood."

" What

"What madam would you have me do?" mildly asked Mr. Stephen. "Ought not my mother to be my first care? Let me see her in safety, and I will return to execute any commands you may think it right to lay upon me."

The cold policy of this young man firuck the Chancellor with amazement, while the artfulness of his language and the power which he had of disguising his fentiments rendered him an object of detestation. Without noticing his speech, he addressed Mrs. Percival by saying—" What threatenings madam have been "made use of to you, or any of your family? And what is the ejection that "you mention?"

"D—mn—tion!—" returned the enraged female veteran through her closed teeth, clinching her hand, which trembled as she held it in a menacing position, while her small red eyes seemed to dart malignant sire: "D—mn—tion!!"—she could

could fay no more, for her fon, whose countenance was of a deadly white and whose quivering lips shewed his inward agitation, had commanded the coachman to draw near, and summoning his mother and Mr. Stephen to attend his wise, who was then supported by her daughters and Mrs. Mitchel, they lifted her into the coach and hastening after her, as if glad to be secure from human ken, were driven off with velocity. After their departure, Mrs. Mitchel deemed it proper to order another carriage to attend upon her; and with the two young ladies and Mrs. Quaintly, followed the first to the Lodge.

The Chancellor now moved that the friends of Spencer Aviary should adjourn to the house, and that those who had attended the Percivals to the Park, should be left to dispose of themselves as they pleased. This was a very awkward circumstance to all who had gone thither in expectation of a jubilee; but there was no alternative; they

were

were obliged to return without notice, as it would have been an infult of which the Spencers were incapable, to have given a general entertainment at that period. This was intimated amongst the crowd by the fervants, and no one could blame the proceeding.

CHAP. CXIV.

We may pity while we condemn.

by the inhabitants of Beverly Lodge in furious contention and mutual reproaches. Every one accused another of having acted improperly, and nothing could be agreed upon relative to future proceedings. We will therefore leave them to their own counsels, with permission to any of our readers who may with to continue in such company, to exercise the sull extent of a gloomy, rageful, or malicious imagination, in portraying all the disagreeable circumstances upon which they may delight to dwell. We shall only intimate

to this class of our readers that their fancies will hardly be sufficiently inventive to form ideas adequate of the darkness and horror which reigned in the minds of the principals of that now distracted family; from which we are heartily glad to make our escape.

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A String of Comparisons.

A S a damp and bleak November atmosphere is to a lovely morning in the smiling month of May: - as a lost path in a drizzling rain on an extensive common, in a winter's evening is to a comfortable feat by the fide of a good fire, in a welllighted room, and amidft a number of focial friends:—as the horrors of a howling tempest, in the dead hour of a dark night, on board of a leaky thip, in the centre of the Atlantic, is to the gentle rufiling of leaves in a fequefiered grove, during the fcorching hours of a fummer's fun-fo was the fcene at Beverly Lodge compared to that which gladdened the heart at Spencer Aviary. The difmalness of the first, we left to the gloomy imagination of our gloomy perusers; the brightness of the last can only

only be depicted by minds which bear a refemblance to those of beings who, freed from the shackles of mortality, employ their powers to the glory of their Creator, by a fedulous endeavor to promote the good of their terrestrial brethren. Pure, calm, unanxious happiness pervaded every breast, from the venerable mafter and the lovely mistress to the lowest of their servants. Noify expressions of gladness were forbidden on account of the fallen fituation of one branch of the family. They would not appear to triumph over their enemies. for it would haved added to their joy could they have hailed them as friends. Inflead of the music which it was intended should refound through the apartments, the most interesting conversations were enjoyed by different parties, and in the place of dancing-agreeable walks through grounds that could juftly vie with all that Arcadia ever boasted.

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growth in the particular to the control of the cont CHAP. CXVI.

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Justice and Mercy are ever most lovely when they walk Hand in Hand.

Latter Spirit to the William

N the Wednesday morning, the Lord Chancellor wrote and fent to Mr. Percival the following letter.

MAIC

SIR, " After the measures which, at my ear-" nest solicitation, the family at Spencer " Avidry allowed me to purfue yesterday, " you may perhaps apprehend fome still more disagreeable consequences to suc-" ceed: and I will acknowledge that were my ideas to be followed, fuch apprehen-" fions might be realized, as to protect " innocence and to punish guilt, ought to be equally the endeavor of every man in

my fituation. But Miss Letitia Spencer fo ardently joins with the rest of her family in entreating me to be lenient, that contrary to my intentions I write to relieve you by telling you that we do not meditate vengeance for the past and may even pardon it, on an affurance of 66 your proper contrition. Some farther account must be settled with Mr. Montague, who is doubtless entitled to the fortune, both principal and interest, " which was left by his brother the cap-" tain. A part of this, you very prudently of paid him, to prevent his farther interference and enquiries; and you obtained "from him, in consequence, a full release. "But as Mr. Russel was a trustee for " Harriet Montague, whose death Mrs. " Carter, your late fister's fervant, can " bring witnesses to affirm in a Court of "Justice, he cannot reconcile it to his " ideas of reclitude that any of the effects; or their produce, should be kept from " the right heir. If you chuse to make G 3

" any demand for the board and education " of Miss Letitia Spencer, you will fend " your account to me; or if you wish to " have farther information of our proofs " of her identity, the letters which you, "your lady, your mother and fon have " written to Samuel Taylor and his wife, " together with fome which were received 16 by Mrs. Percival fenior, during her-at-" tendance upon your deceased fifter and " her child, from Beverly Lodge, and which " were found at Hilton after her depart "ture, will, I prefume, be deemed amply " fufficient. If these proofs however should " be regarded by you as infufficient, we " can furnish many more equally forcible. "I mention these particulars that you may judge what will be the best method of procedure on your own account; for to us, benevolence out of the quellion, " it is a matter of indifference upon what. se course you may determine.

the care of application on paying would be a series

most made of this of "T.M. M."

The reception of this letter at the Lodge more than revived their first acute distress: -it created torments not before experienced. Unwilling to suppose that their prospects were blasted beyond recovery, they had cherished a hope that Taylor and his family might still be secured to their interest by the offers which they were determined to make to them. It was then the intention of the Percivals to fend their instruments to America, and there to settle them in a manner that should not leave them a wish to return. But when the great delinquents knew that their letters (which according to their particular and positive injunctions, were to have been destroyed as foon as perifed) were in the hands of those whom they termed their enemies, and when it occurred that could the voices or the persons of the witnesses be secured, it was probable "that cunning " d-v-l of a Chanceltor" - a phrase of Mrs. Mitchel's-had taken care to fecure their depositions in all due form, the hopes of

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the Lodge vanished into air, and no opening appeared in the dark cloud by which they were enveloped.

"Curfe upon their forgiveness!" faid the enraged Mrs. R. Percival, in a shower of impenitent tears. "Of what avail is that, "when all my prospects are forever blasted!!!"

"Everlasting curses seize their hearts!" exclaimed the shocking veteran-mother, in the tone of Tisiphone herself. "May a "fudden destruction fall upon the whole "family!!"

Mr. Percival feemed to be inwardly gnawed by his own dire fenfations. He spoke but little, but what he did say was expressive of a mind replete with horror. He seemed almost like a person in a state of melancholy madness.

The young ladies were conftantly drowned in tears. All their fairy schemes were vanished, and their place supplied by uncertain and uncomfortable prospects.

Robert had fearce uttered one fyllable fince

fince his return to the Lodge; and the most fullen deportment marked all his actions.

Stephen was the only one who affected endurance. With a mind as deeply chagrined as that of any individual in the family, he determined to put on an air of tranquillity; intending to clear his own fame, at the expense of that of his father, mother and grandmother; and believing that if he could effect their removal from the country, he should be left master of the Lodge. In this fituation he doubted not to prevail with Miss Bullion to give him her hand and fortune, notwithstanding his loss of the estate; his vanity leading him to form the erroneous supposition of her having imbibed an affection for his person, independent of any external circumstances. But when, by its being discovered that he was privy to the atrocious transaction, he found that he must necessarily share the difgrace in which his family was involved; and became fensible that no persons of any G 5 distinction,

distinction, or indeed of any reputation, would chuse to form an alliance with him, his felfish hopes gave way; his ruling pasfion, avarice, had experienced a mortal wound; and a gloomy despondence superfeded his affected tranquillity. He here upbraided the mismanagement of his parental friends in terms of the bitterest acrimony; accused them of having ruined both his prospects of prosperity and his principles; cenfured their conduct in the whole affair, from its rife to its termination, alledged, that if they had purfued the dictates of rectitude, they would have been fatisfied with what GOD had bestowed upon them; and that with this they might all have lived in honor and happiness.

This from a young man whose atrocity had always been obvious to those who saw him undisguised, was an insult not to be endured. The samily was now in an uproar, and it was some time before the storm was sufficiently subsided to permit a confultation respecting the answer which must necessarily

necessarily be given to the letter of the Chancellor.

Mr. Murray, the lawyer who had appeared as herald on the day of the intended entrance, lived at the distance of about two miles from Beverly, and usually transacted the bufiness of Mr. Percival in the country: he was therefore fummoned to attend at the Lodge upon this occasion, with all possible expedition. When he arrived, Mr. Percival, though he was well acquainted with the flexibility of Murray's principles, felt great reluctance upon opening a bufinefs, the investigation of which must necessarily give a blow to his importance. However, the urgency of the case leaving no alternative, he affumed a resolute air; took from his pocket the Chancellor's letter, and put it into the hands of Mr. Murray, faying, Read that fir, and then let us confider " what step must be taken in conse-" quence."

Mr. Murray bowed and obeyed, with a folemn visage, while Mr. Percival sat obferving his countenance with attention. But he read nothing there: the features of the lawyer never betrayed the fentiments of his heart. When Murray had finished reading, he returned the letter to his employer, saying, "Have you, sir, answered this extraordinary address?"

" No fir," was the laconic reply.

"It is, my good fir, a difficult case to advise in," observed the man of the law; but if you are determined upon commencing hostilities, we must be well provided with ammunition, for we shall have in this Chancellor, an intrepid adwersary."

Murray spoke this with energy. He had no inclination to attend a Court of Justice in a cause which he was convinced must be a bad one, when the great lawyer would appear at the head of the other party. Having had a narrow escape from a toss over the bar, he was willing to save the shattered remains of his reputation for less hazardons pieces of roguery, and where he might

might fleece his client with impunity. After a great many pros and cons, it was at length agreed that Mr. Murray should wait upon the family at the Aviary and hear their proposals. But as it would tire our readers to dwell upon the steps by which the Percivals descended, we will briefly fay that finding every thing clearly against them, and their case absolutely desperate, they at length determined to leave the country, if Mr. Edward Spencer would purchase the Lodge-estates at a certain offered price. To this he readily acceded, and unwilling to raise difficulties, or to heighten even merited distress, he undertook also to satisfy all, the proper demands of Mr. Montague, as Letitia had been the cause, though the injured one, of his having been fo long detained from his legal property, which had in part been expended for her board and education.

After this, Mr. Percival, through the medium of Mr. Murray, proposed the sale of his Lincolnshire estate to Lord Andover.

This

This was likewise immediately accepted, so desirous was the family at the Aviary to facilitate the plans of removal which Mr. Percival had formed; it being impossible for him to continue in his situation with honor.

During the arrangement of these preliminaries, Mr. Stephen Percival made private overtures to Miss Bullion; setting forth the fincerity and ardency of his affection, and the happiness which they should experience when united; varnishing over the recent circumstances, till nothing important remained visible. But the young lady was not, as she said, to be cajoled out of a fortune worthy the acceptance of a Prince. Instead of shewing any symptoms. of partiality, she did not even attempt to foften her refusal, but informed him that fhe thought his pretention was an indignity, and that her father had just received . offers which she intended to accept, from the fon of a nobleman; for which reason.

the confidered the diffolution of their treaty as a fortunate circumstance.

Stephen, who always disliked her person and had a contempt for her understanding, experienced no concern for what he termed her insolence, farther than as it was a disappointment to his pride and avarice. Giving up, therefore, all ideas of her fortune, he agreed with his father in the plan of going over to America, there to establish his family under an assumed name. This project was at length universally adopted, and preparations were accordingly made for a speedy removal.

Mr. Percival now fent an order for George to leave Cambridge immediately, and to repair to Beverly. The youth, lamenting the fituation of his family, obeyed; and fortunately for him, met Mr. Barker at a finall town about feven miles from the Lodge. When he faw his tutor, George was greatly abashed, but the worthy Divine soon consoled him by proper arguments, and informing him of his father's intention

to quit the kingdom, which had been communicated by Murray, asked him if he should think of accompanying his family. This intelligence was entirely new to the young man, who had neither written to, nor heard any thing from Beverly, since he lest it: but he instantly determined on not going with those, who, though connected with him by blood, were so separated from him by sentiment, as to render any perfect union with them impossible.

Mr. Barker asked George if his resolution was unalterable.

George faid it was.

". Then," replied the first, " suppress" all anxiety for your future circumstances,

" if you dare to depend upon me."

The youth burst into tears: upon which Mr. Barker continued—" I do not wonder, "my good young man at seeing you thus affected. The situation of your family is distressing. At this time I will be concise. When you leave the Lodge, return to Cambridge. I will write to your

"your tutor at College to supply all your necessities, till it shall be proper for other

" fteps to be taken."

George went to his father, who proposed his going to America. The youth respectfully, but steadily declined it; upon which he was very sternly treated, and asked how he would support himself.

"You have given me, fir," he replied,

an education for which I thank you, and

of which I should be utterly unworthy

if I could not, by exerting my resolution,

turn it to an account sufficient for my

" maintenance."

A great deal of altercation passed between the father and the son on the subject in question, and though the latter preserved the greatest respect both in his words and manner, he received a dismissal from the samily with a bank note of sifty pounds, as the last sum which he must ever expect from that quarter.

George, whose heart was widely different from that of any of the name of Perci-

val, was greatly affected upon this occafion. But the little fympathy which he found amongst his kindred, fixed his now almost wavering resolution, and returned him to Cambridge, though with a mind heavily oppressed.

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CHAP. CXVII.

Mr. Spencer's Letter to Mrs. R. Percival.

EEDS for the conveyance of Mr. Percival's estates and effects (for Mr. Edward Spencer agreed to take the moveables upon appraisement) were all drawn, figned and executed as speedily as possible, and the family were preparing, as privately as circumstances would allow, for their last journey upon English territory, when Mrs. R. Percival received a request from her grandfather and fifter to permit their having one farewel interview with her before her departure from Beverly. To this request however she returned a peremptory negative: nor could all their fublequent entreaty prevail with her to allow them one personal adieu, either with herfelf felf or her children. On this disappointment of their kind wishes, they determined to write to her to convey their hope of endeavoring to secure the future happiness which would await on her future right conduct. That from Mr. Spencer was as follows.

"The folicitude, my child, which from your earliest years I have experienced upon your account, still possesses my heart. Instead of lessening, it increases with time and circumstances, and very dear to me is your future well-doing. It was from this cause that I was so urgent for an interview before your leaving, probably for ever, your native country: not, as might perhaps be suggested to you, for any purpose of recriminating, but to endeavor to impress upon your mind the great importance of the present and the future.

"You are now, Eleanor, going into a we world, where you will form now connexions.

" connexions and, I hope, acquire new " habits. Your person; your understand-" ing; your fortune, will render you con-" fpicuous in any country, and give you an " opportunity of felecting for your inti-" mate acquaintance the most cligible peo-" ple in your vicinity. On your proper " choice, in this respect, much will de-" pend. Hitherto, you have been unfor-" tunately connected, or I trust your edu-" cation would have produced happier " effects. Mrs. Mitchel and Mrs. Quaintly 66 hold tencts that, upon a curfory view, " appear to be totally opposite to those of " each other; but they have the same de-" structive tendency—that of weakening " the comforting reliance on a superin-" tending and immediate Providence; a " doctrine which every fentence in the "Gospel inculcates; which every precept in the Old Testament enforces; which " reason and experience must confirm, " and which never was questioned but by " modern sectaries.

" If GOD is inattentive to our wants and diffresses, or has bound Himself-" for He cannot be bound—by immutable " laws, of what avail is that duty of prayer " fo strongly enjoined in every page of the "Sacred Writings! Why are we com-" manded to ask for that which, whether " we ask or not, will or will not happen, " as has " to use Mrs. Quaintly's language, " been pre-ordained by fate"-or to adopt " Mrs. Mitchel's words, is established by " the necessity of second causes. The first " of these women is looked upon with " contempt by the last, who professes her-" felf to be a Materialist only because " Materialism is more genteel than the doctrine of Calvin, for they alike ex-" clude the Almighty Father of the uni-" verse from the power of giving relief to " the distresses of His children, however " much they may humble themselves" " before him and entreat forgiveness and " bleffing, because it will interfere with "ithe

"the decrees of fate, or will subvert the conceptary order of second causes."

" Avoid, my dear Eleanor, as you would know real happiness, these absurd and

" conceited opinions; one of which leads

" to prefumption, on a supposition of felf-

" election; and the other to a scepticism,

" still if possible more dangerous.

"A Materialist imagines himself to be a mere machine—wound up and set in motion like a clock, and that he must necessarily perform his points to the hours, minutes, and moments in his appointed round, without even allowing to his Maker the powers which a common mechanic claims over his workmanship, of impeding or accelerating its motions

" at pleasure, or as occasion may require.

"A Materialist, whose narrow mind

"cannot conceive the possibility of Omni
"presence, may ask "Whether you be
"lieve that GOD can concern Himself

" about the death of every chicken"-

" meaning to enquire in contemptuous " language

"language whether it be your opinion that " the Almighty fuperintends the trifling " occurrences of our existence. Without " retorting that these occurrences are not " trifling to us-let him be answered in " the words of the Teacher of the Gospel " Faith; who in several parts of His testa-" ment affures us that we are the imme-" diate care of our Heavenly Father; that " even ravens and sparrows fall not to the " ground without His cognizance, and "that confequently we, "the very hairs " of whose heads are all numbered, who are " of more value than many birds," are ob-" jects of His particular attention—an in-" controvertible argument, to every one " who admits the authority of Christian " doctrines, against the tenets of those sec-" taries from which I feel it particularly " incumbent upon me to warn you, as I " am well affured that your mind has been " injured by their opinions—opinions de-" structive to the present comfort as well " as to the future happiness of mortals. What.

" particulars;

What man can be at rest in a ship, upon " a flormy ocean, amidst dangerous rocks, " without a pilot? But under the direction of a guide who cannot err, what man, not negligent on his own part, but must repose in conscious fasety? amid the appearances of the most alarming danger. "You will not wonder at my infifting fo much upon this fubject, when you re-" collect the conversation that about three " weeks back, passed between you and Mr. " Browne at Sir James Leefon's: this " was particularly reported to me by Mrs. " Maynard, who was greatly shocked at " the opinions which you then expressed. "To touch upon more general subjects, " yet to avoid, as much as possible, a retrospection which could not be more painful to you than to mytelf, I wish you to confider, with the deepest attention, the " nature; the degrees; the tendency, of " vice and of criminal proceedings. De-" termine to reflect, and I need not point at

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66 his foul.

" particulars; yet so anxious am I for your

" enfuing conduct and confequent feli-

" city, that I cannot forbear to write what

" may be, and I hope, is unnecessary." Sudden starts of error—of even crime, occasioned by an impetus of passion or " believed necessity, will, upon a duly ex-" pressed contrition and every possible re-" paration, be not only forgiven but forgotten by all the truly good and great of "the human species. Nay more; it is pos-" fible for the offender to rife even higher " in the opinion of men of sense; candor, " and true rectitude, than he stood before " his fall, because from his fall he may " have acquired the additional virtue of hu-" mility, and a confequent increase of the " truly Divine attribute of charity. His " error may likewise have so strongly en-" forced the necessity of guarding more " feduloufly against the incitement of vice," " that virtue may become firmly rooted in

"A deliberate, and continued depar-" ture from the great path of RIGHT, is " doubtless more apt to leave a stain upon " the deviator, should he even at length " recover the track of reclitude, than a " fudden start into steps still more flagrantly crroneous. Yet even this perfevering of-" fender may be pardoned; and in time may Grecover his reputation, if he can evince the fincerity of his penitence and prove " the reality of the alteration in his mind " by the alteration of his conduct: condi-" tions upon which the Almighty Father of " Mercies will forgive crimes of the highest se atrocity, and will cleanse and receive to " His paternal love, the returning finner." "If the prayers of one mortal can pre-" vail for the good of another, you Eleanor " will in that respect have great and pecu-" liar advantages, for those from whom " you would least expect kindness, will " pray for you with the greatest fervency. My Your fon George makes it his election

"to remain in England. He therefore fall be my care, and shall from me receive fortune sufficient to make him happy. To him you will write; and from him we will be contented to hear actionates of your welfare, without requiring the name which you may chuse to ast fume, or the place of your residence. Upon this you may depend, as I give you my solemn promise for it in the name of all my family.

"You cannot but see that my sole aim is to assist your future tranquillity. I therefore entreat you freely to inform me if there is any thing I can do that will more effectually promote it.

"I much wish, my dear, to know the fate of your mind, and entreat you to write to me or your fister before you leave this kingdom.

"Give my bleffing to the children. You "might fafely have trufted their coming to receive a personal benediction. I should "not

" not have attempted to injure their parents in their estimation. Is it possible, Elea-" nor, knowing me as you do; that you " could apprehend any thing of fuch a

" tendency ?

"Tell your husband I shall be glad to hear that he has laid a foundation for ensuing happiness. Mrs. Percival, will, I " hope, begin to consider there is a state of existence subsequent to this.

"Your fifter writes for herfelf. I do not. therefore, fay any thing particularly re-" specting her sentiments; but for the rest "of your relations, I am an amanuenfis. As it is now improbable that you will " ever meet again, till you fland in the

" presence of the Merciful Creator of men " and angels, they fend you an affurance " of their prayers for the future felicity of

" yourfelf and family—for felicity confe-" quent upon an endeavor to do that which

", only can infure it upon a permanent " foundation. In this must be included

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the most perfect Christian forgiveness of all injuries and injurious intention: s and that this is yours with fincerity, I from them, re affirm, that when your " last hours arrive, your heart may not be oppressed by the want of that partion " which it is probable will then be deemed " of inclimable value; fo changed will be " our opinion, in that GREAT MOMENT, of many circumftances which may now ape pear contemptible. "I feel myself utterly incapable to exor press the degree of anxiety under which " I labor on your account. Mere exhortation, would, I think, be useless, except your reason aids my withes; which it will not do, while you are furrounded by people whose interest it is to encourage your continuance in the erroneous opinions you have so unhappily imbibedopinions I repeat not more destructive to " present, than to suture felicity, however

much they may flatter present passions.

" Allow

" Allow yourfelf, my dear Eleanor, to

form the idea of our next meeting. Con-

" fider in what place, and in what company.

" it will be!!! May the Great Judge

" before whom we shall both assuredly

" fland, give it me to fee my child with

" gladness-to rejoice in the approving

" fentence which, consequent upon her

" return to rectitude, the will receive from

" Him whose decrees are irreversible-to

behold her then angelic countenance

" beam with light and gratitude for more

"than expected mercy—to witness her

" entrance into mansions of inconceivable

" Blifs and Glory!

"The alternative-No; it is too fad!

" Too shocking to be painted EVEN AS A

" POSSIBILITY.

" May the Great GOD of Heaven pre-

" ferve you from it!!!

" I will now take my last farewell. Pain-

" ful as to me is our separation, I still am

" thankful that it is determined on.

" In a new country, your fame will be unspotted. You will not have any contemptuous opinions to encounter; no injurious acquaintance to shake off; no " appearances, respecting an alteration of fentiment to attend to; no prejudices to " conquer; no apparently new habits to " acquire. Perfectly independent-with " no one to fear, your work will be eafy; " your life to begin; your path to chuse. "On these accounts, my dear child sit " foothes me to hope I may henceforth " have cause to use that epithet], I rejoice " at the idea of your departure, though the circumstance, fingly confidered, wounds my paternal affection. If you resolutely step forward in the path of rectitude, your children, your husband, and his mother will follow. You may be followed by numbers, and be bleffed as their leader to a glorious falvation. " Should your mind take this turn for fer-" vently prayed for by every one here, it may

may be proper to guard you against an extreme, isometimes confequent upon a conviction of former error—that of delpair to obtain forgiveness. But remember, my dear, that nothing can exceed "the goodness of Him" who called us " into being to be bleft:" that the creature "cannot be more merciful than the Creator: that where man only forgives, GOD; "upon repentance, will reward: That no orime can exclude His desire for our Moreturn's from a group of the animals. A The prodigal fon : the loft fleep : the reception of the laborer at the eleventh " hour—all exemplify His readiness to reseeive us. And hath He not given us " His word that " He will cleanfe us from

" all our iniquities, and wash us from our fecret fins; which, though they be as fearlet, shall be white as snow, and though they be red like crimson, shall be as wool?" It is impossible for anything to be more expressive of the abundant mercy H 5

" of the universal Parent to his returning

" children, or more convincing that His

care and His love are unceasing. To

" Him, my child, my dear child! I com

" mit you and yours. If my prayers have

" prevalency, our next meeting will be

gjoyful beyond human imagination.

" Again farewel. I linger to conclude.

"This will, perhaps, be the last letter I

finall ever write. When you hear of my

death, believe that one of my latest res-

" pirations was drawn to invoke the Al-

WALL STATE OF THE STATE

" mighty's mercy on my Eleanor.

"HENRY SPENCER."

Most of our readers have hastily turned over the preceding pages, to examine if they contained any fun or story, but observing, by a quick glance, that there was nothing in them except dull admonitions from an old man, they uttered the monosyllable "fluff!" and laid down the book. Some few read them through, then gaped, and complained

complained of being tired, while two or three good meaning people faid, "It is "well intended, to be fure, but I doubt it "will not take."

We thank these candid friends for their kindness, and without apologizing to light minds, will proceed with our narrative by faying, that when Mrs. R. Percival had perused the above letter from her venerable fire, she was agitated to an extreme, and in her frenzy, curfed the hour that brought her into existence. She then reproached her husband; his mother; her fon, and every one who came near, whether concerned, or not, in the transaction which occasioned his writing. Subfiding at length into some degree of quiet, though the fervor of her spirits still continued high. the returned by the messenger the following reply. I dominate the same of the same

"Crush me not, fir—crush me not to the earth! My heart is broken! My H 6 "heart

" heart is broken! Oh! forbear your kind-

" ness! It kills me. I do not merit it.

" May GOD grant-but I cannot pray."

"Pray for me. You will; you fay your

" will; but do not tell me fo any more.

"I could bear your reproaches. I was pre-

"pared for them; but your bleffing I can-

"not, cannot-I know not what I would " fay.

"We go to-morrow. I cannot write to my fifter: tell her fo, and with my 16 love to to whom? I cannot fay to whom, nor add another line.

"Once your's with duty and affection, 16.51 18 E & E P."

Some ; will disappoint in , work with

When Mr. Spencer read this half diftracted letter, he was deeply concerned for his unhappy grandchild, yet gathered some hope from her evident distress, that she was not invulnerable, and that in time she would duly confider, and amend the tenor of her conduct. He shed some paternal

tears.

tears, and he prayed for her return to virtue and to happiness, then leaned upon the hope of her penitence which her letter had raised, and trusted to Him whose mercy he implored.

-Mrs. George Abington likewise wrote a most pathetic and affectionate letter to the afflicted lady; but as we fo lately fatigued our fubjects with lessons of dull morality, we will spare them the trouble of even skipping over any more fuch "flupid pages" at present; though so great is our respect for the writer of the epiftle, that but for the above confideration we certainly should present it to our readers, as the mixture of forrow; pity; disapprobation; affection; forgiveness, and hope of better things and better days for her wretched fifter, was fo judicious, and expressed with such tenderness, that were we to insert it, her character would necessarily shine with redoubled lustre. To this letter, admirable and kind as it was, the received no other reply than . the EDUCAT

the implication of its being received in the note to Mr. Spencer.

As it was the intention of Mr. Percival to remove from Beverly as privately as poffible, he determined to go a week fooner than even those who were necessarily entrusted with some of his affairs, supposed that he would; and the day after the receipt of the preceding letters was fixed for the departure of the family; but now, as Mrs. R. Percival had mentioned this circumstance in her reply to her grandsather, they resolved to prevent any more attempts for an interview, by fetting off at twelve o'clock on the enfuing night. At this hour then the gentleman and his lady; his mother; his fons, Stephen and Robert, with the two young ladies, actually left Beverly forever, and proceeding to London, continued there a few days in private lodgings to settle their last concerns. They went afterwards to Dartmouth, and taking ship at that port, failed for the great Western Continent.

CHAP.

CHAP CXVIII.

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Mrs. Mitchel's departure from Beverly.

The Percivals was received at the Aviary with unfeigned forrow, arising from those qualities which stamp on man the image of his Maker, and which alone can fit him for the company and friendship of Celestial Beings. Had their continuance at the Lodge been consistent with their own honor, and had they evinced real contrition for their past conduct, the Spencers would have extended the most perfect forgiveness, and have meliorated to the utmost of their power their future situation: but their crimes were of such a nature that nothing could restore the public opinion.

As As

As the reader may perhaps wonder that no mention has lately been made of Mrs. Mitchel, we will stop to fay that this adroit governante, concluding that she could not reap any farther advantage from the family, had fet off the evening before they left Beverly, for Bath, where the found her honorable friend Mrs. Catharine Lumley. These two worthy gentlewomen immediately entered into a very lucrative mode of living, by fetting up a fashionable gaming table and keeping a house of genteel resort for ladies who were disposed to amuse themfelves with gallants, and for gentlemen whose business it was to admire the ladies, either upon the matrimonial or anti-matrimonial system, as best suited their pecuniary convenience: for the good gentlewoman of honorable extraction had for much reduced her patrimonial property, that she condescended to pursue some very dis-honorable methods to retrieve her circumstances; and no scheme was so conducive

ducive to her design as that which she adopted; nor any person more calculated to promote it, than our ci-devant preceptress at Beverly.

scap any tarkaor advantares are committee gial went ander grower only fin tel bad Beverly for Bath where the found by honorally ment his welfores founder. Phele we vone 'srulcumen inardiardy entered into a way frequity a mode edition, it y setting that had consider manifest table and recommendation gentral exfort for ladies, who wore disposed to adule themsidees with gallings, and for gentlemen some sur primite of the transfer the range. arthur une no in morning of any added archial fyllogo, as byth failed these proumin't convenience; for the ecod cantlewammen of neutrality extraction had to property Islaministics, obs-Loosley down that the condeferated to provide forms one of Phonemone methods to retained her or PARTY MEET; and no lovente was for con-

CHAP. CXIX.

A few trifling Arrangements.

IT was our intention to have taken up our abode at Spencer Aviary in our last chapter, but a recollection of Mrs. Mitchel intervened, and we did not think it decent to connect the account which we gave of her and her affociate, with any thing relative to the Spencers.

If the reader will not be offended with a little retrogradation, we will just observe that during the arrangement of the preceding business, our friends confined themselves to their domestic party, forbearing, from tenderness to the Percivals, to make any entertainments, or to receive congratulations from the neighbouring gentry, during their continuance in Beverly. As soon as

the preliminary articles were figned, Mr. Montague (with whom Mr. Ruffel settled the accounts of his late brother in a generous manner); Mrs. Carter, and the witneffes, all of them being handsomely rewarded, returned to London, and the Bishop of the diocefe, finding that his interference would not be necessary, left the Aviary and repaired to Mr. Bullion's, where he was difgusted with the virulence of their invectives against people with whom they were to have been so intimately connected. They had indeed ample cause for displeafure, but their abuse exceeded the bounds of decency; on which account the prelate made a fpeedy departure.

Some of the vifitants staid a confiderable time longer, and participated in the subsequent festivity of the scene.

As foon as Mr. Percival had left the Lodge, George was fummoned from Cambridge, and received with the greatest kindness by all his friends. Mr. Spencer immediately

mediately fettled an annuity upon him, and it was determined that his general refidence, when he chose to quit Cambridge, should be at the rectory; Mr. Barker having always been fond of this his youngest pupil.

Miss Abington, who was soon to enter into the conjugal life, wrote to her fifter Patty a fuccinct account of the occurrences which had taken place at Beverly fince her visit into Essex; to which she received an answer expressive of the highest degree of aftonishment, but containing no congratulations, upon the event, to any of the family; nor to her fifter on her intended nuptials, of which she had given her information. Colchester, she said, was so delightful a place, that the believed the should continue in it till near Christmas; an intention with which no one was displeased, as her company was an allay to the general felicity.

CHAPTER CXX.

A Short Chapter.

MISS Abington is now Mrs. Barker, and is fixed at the rectory; a very elegant, rural habitation, fituated in a church-yard, deemed one of the pleafantest in the kingdom; the church having been built near the top of a hill which commanded a prospect into five counties.

The Chancellor returned to London with the Bishop and his lady, soon after the business of the family was perfectly settled. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert staid a few days longer, and then lest Beverly, with an intent to return at the celebration of the weddings of Letitia and Lucy Spencer.

Mr. Fonnereau was the last that took

his leave. He was unwilling to go from Matilda, for whom he made proposals to Mr. Spencer, who had no other objection to him than the versatility of his disposition. But as he had a good understanding and an agreeable temper, he was not absolutely refused; he therefore looked forward with hope, as Matilda was too artless to disguise her prejudice in his favor.

Our heroine is now within view of enjoying as much pure happiness as can fall to the lot of humanity. Mistress at an early age, of one of the most beautiful situations, surrounded by one of the noblest estates in the country—endued with the power of obliging all those whom she best loved:—blessed with the most sincere and ardent affection of a man who for mind and perfon was scarcely ever equalled; certainly never excelled—re-united, in a sister, to the first friend of her heart—restored to parents and other relations greatly beloved, after believing herself abandoned by every human

human being—what can exceed her felicity? What more on this fide Heaven can she wish to attain? Only this—a moral certainty of never being separated from the man whose affection she returns, during the remaining term of their existence; and this she hopes will, in a short space of time, be added to the blessings of which she is already in possession.

The control of the co

CHAP.

CHAP. CXXI.

Shorter than the foregoing.

THE Lodge, which Mr. E. Spencer purchased of Mr. Percival, was, as we think we have somewhere observed, a handsome residence; situated in a pleasant part of a romantic park of confiderable extent. It was generally supposed that this estate was intended to be presented to George, by his great grandfather: but the good and wife man objected to this propofal, which was made to him by a Mr. Wrighten, a distant relation of Mrs. Percival's paternal family, on account of its being probable that fuch an act would affift to perpetuate the memory of his father; as the "Percivals at the Lodge" was a phrase too familiar in the country,

and

and now too opprobrious, to be continued to a branch of the family which it was hoped would merit a more respectable reputation. The Lodge was, therefore, fixed upon for the residence of Mr. Clifford and his Lucy, who it was presumed would enter the Hymeneal state at the same time that Letitia gave Spencer Aviary to Lord Andover—Rose-Valley being too distant from Beverly for the approbation of the sisters.

We might here finish our history and take leave of our loving and beloved readers, as nothing of consequence remains to be related; but we are apprehensive some of our friends would think it an affront, were they to be excluded from an invitation to the weddings, after their toil in attending our heroine through her mortifications, and more real distresses. We will therefore pursue her destiny a few days longer and then consign her happiness, Vol. V.

which is only inferior to that of the celeftial beings, to whom, in mind and person, she was blest with so near a resemblance.

CHAP.

CHAP. CXXII.

Shorter Still.

SOON after the removal of the Percivals, all the tenants of the Aviary estate were invited to the mansion, to be presented to their lovely young landlady; but when she addressed them, she told them that as long as their venerable patron was given to the wishes of his children, they were to consider themselves as his tenants only. She then enquired after their respective families, and said that she hoped soon to have the satisfaction of entertaining their wives and daughters.

Every one was charmed by her beauty and behaviour, and they all endeavoured to

I 2 excuse

excuse themselves for appearing with the Percivals on the day of the intended entrance. Though some of them were reprehensible for their forwardness on that occasion, they all received the most ample pardon from the generous family, and returned free from the apprehensions with which some of them had been oppressed, of lying under the displeasure of their good old landlord. To remove, indeed, these apprehensions had been the principal cause of the summons for their appearance.

The country was now rang with the lovelines, goodness, and other shining qualities of Miss Spencer. Every mortal talked of her excellencies; every lady submitted to her obvious superiority; every gentleman envied the happy Andover, though all confessed that he alone was worthy of her favor.

CHAPTER THE LAST.

Which exhibits Arcadia in England.

N Tuesday next, at Mr. Spencer's appointment, Letitia and Lucy Spencer, without any undue affectation of reluctance, though not devoid of that truly feminine and fascinating timidity which, whether our present race of amazonian heroines hold it, or hold it not, in estimation, can never be struck out of the list of semale attractions, by a proper estimator of semale excellence, have consented to perfect their own happiness by completing that of Lord Andover and Mr. Clifford.

The weddings of people in their fituation could not possibly be kept private; nor was

there any cause why privacy should be affected. All the genteel people in the neighbourhood were therefore invited. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert were fummoned from London. The bishop and his lady from Chichester palace; and the Chancelicr, who had promifed to be prefent, from his country feat. Mr. Fonnereau had made it his request to be present on this occasion, and for that reason an invitation was likewise fent to his mother and fisters, as they all were folicitous for the union of Charles with the gentle Matilda.

As it was the wish of the Chancellor, who was confulted on every occasion of importance, &c. that the tenants might attend, when Lord Andover married the heiress of the Aviary, they were all invited, with their wives, and families; and open house being kept at the Aviary; the fhrulfbery; the Lodge; Mr. Barker's, and Mr. Abington's, almost as great an appearance was necessarily exhibited, as on the day of

Mis.

Mrs. Percival's mortification. By means of this general invitation, the minds of the gentry who had accepted that of the lady last mentioned, to join her cavalcade (and who apprehended their being, for that reafon, looked upon rather coolly by the Spencers) were at once conciliated to the present possessions; and scarce was there a creature, * the Bullions and the Quaintlys excepted, who was not glad of the change, for none of Mr. Percival's family were held in estimation, though their expected importance led many to feck their favor. George, indeed, was always looked upon to be different from the rest; but he was too young to be confidered a part.

As daughter to Lady Herbert, Miss Catherine was invited upon the ensuing occafion, but though she possessed a singular degree of effrontery, she could not summon sufficient resolution to appear before Letitia, whom she very heartily hated; as she concluded her infamous conduct to this lady

must be known, she therefore pleaded a prior engagement, and went to Tunbridge.

Miss Patty—or as we ought now to term her—Miss Abington, sent her compliments to the party at Spencer Aviary; she would have attended their festivities had she been at Beverly, but her promise was given to her friends at Colchester to lengthen her visit, and she could not disappoint their expectations.

The coolness of these excuses gave pain to her mother, but the rest of the party, and even her sisters, were very well pleased at her absence, so disagreeable to them was her conduct, upon almost every occasion: though to other people she could behave with a tolerable degree of pleasantry.

At the particular entreaty of both the brides, Mr. Spencer confented to be the nuptial father; for fo fond were all the young people of this admirable man, that except he was a party, their joy feemed to want an addition.

The church of Beverly stood within a quarter of a mile from the park pale of the Aviary, and as the feafon was fine, the Chancellor, who defired to have the ceremonial as public as possible, made a propofal for their walking thither. It was rather against the wish of the fisters to be for openly exposed to view, but as his lordship thought it expedient, they acquiesced, and as if for a morning's ramble, without any ceremonious arrangement, walked from the Aviary about eleven o'clock, while the bells in feveral neighbouring churches were heard ringing, and the band of mufic belonging to a regiment quartered at a town about fix miles distant, very unexpectedly appeared, and attended the compuny. This was fecretly ordered by Mr. Ruffel, who was fo fond of harmony that he protested a full chorus would mitigate the pains of the torture inflicted by the old Romish inquisition.

The drefs of the ladies—the conduct of the bridegrooms-the congratulations of 15

friends—the rejoicings of the country, with the fucceeding felicity of the parties most particularly concerned, we will leave for the exercise of our readers' imagination, which however, must be festive in the highest degree, to form a just idea of the feenes at Spencer Aviary, for feveral days fucceeding the nuptial one. Every species of rational amusement was there to be enjoyed; every pleasure that could raise and refine the mind, while it charmed the fenses. People of all ages, dispositions, and conditions, met with the most cordial reception: the hungry and naked were fed and clothed; while the rich and gay were delighted with splendid entertainments: the aged and the young were equally gratified, as there was no undue levity to displease the first, nor a precise observance of etiquette to difgust the other: true freedom and real delicacy, uniting with genuine politeness, formed the manners of the company.

Having conducted our favorites to as much

much felicity as fublunary beings can experience, we will leave them to enjoy the peculiar bleffings of their fituation, and to the exercise of those social, moral, and religious virtues, which, though they do not always produce prosperity in this world, never fail to bring peace (which is another word for happiness) to the bosoms which they inhabit; nor to ensure the highest and brightest reward in the life ensuing; a life endued with more delights than our present ideas can lead us even to wish for, because they are greatly superior to all human conception.

THE PLANTAGE OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS.

ADDENDA.

pages, was written in the earlier part of this century, but for very sufficient causes was never before published. Since the anecdotes which composed it were collected, we have been favored, by some intimates of the principal samily, with several subsequent incidents respecting the celebrated village of Beverly, and as we believe every one who ever heard the name of the Spencers must be interested in all that concerns them, it is with a pleasure resulting from the principles of urbanity, that we present them to the public.

Our hero and heroine, long fince known by the title of Earl and Counters of Andoyer, a distinction from which they have been been often heard to declare that they never experienced the least gratification, were, when our last accounts arrived, living in continued, or, if possible, additional happiness; and what is seldom the case, they each of them expressed a wish to survive the other, unless it were indulged to them to resign this earthly existence at the same moment. Death never appeared to them in colors the least gloomy, but when they considered the pain the one less by the other would experience, which pain each wished to be fated to endure that the other might be exempted from its poignancy.

We were told by a gentleman who lately removed into their neighbourhood, that it was aftonishing to observe the admiration in which every branch of the family were held by all ranks of people. That Lord Andover said so and so, upon such or such a subject, was argument sufficient to settle any debate, however consequential; and in matters under semale cognizance—the education

cation of children; the management (which fhe difdained not, on proper occasions, to inspect) of family concerns—whatever Lady Andover faid or did, was right beyond question. With respect to the trifling article of drefs; if she appeared in such a fashion it must be pleasing, because the figure which she made in it was exquisitely beautiful: nor could any mode be general which she did not adopt. Indeed, whenever, to avoid fingularity, she made alteration in her appearance, she was always faid to look better than before, as every thing fhe put on, became her face and figure. For feveral years her beauty was thought by every one to encrease; the peace in which she lived, and the falubrity of country air, giving an additional glow to her cheeks: brightness to her eyes, and sweetness, if more sweetness could be added, to her countenance.

We could entertain our readers with volumes respecting this affectionate couple—this truly exemplary pair, but we will

only '

only fay in a few words, that as they were amongst the best, they were also to be numbered with the happiest of their species —the joy of numerous furrounding friends -the patrons of their tenants and dependents-the universal benefactors of all the poor and distressed within their knowledge: following with great exactness the precepts and example given them by the good Mr. Spencer, which are recorded at large in the first volume, chapter the eighth, of the preceding history.

With regard to the exalted man last mentioned, he lived to fee the birth of the third child of his beloved Letitia. To his latest hour, he was the delight of all with whom he conversed; nor did he ever experience the least diminution in his faculties. His transit from this world to the next was evidently quite eafy: his appearance like that of a child going to fleep; and when his almost adoring friends (who perceived by his manner of breathing that his foul was

was going to be freed from its earthly fetters) drew near the fofa upon which he reclined, they thought his countenance perfectly angelic; and with his head resting upon the bosom of his grand-daughter, he went off with a sinile so strongly impressed, that it continued till he was enclosed in his last receptacle.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Spencer made the Shrubbery their occasional residence; but they were generally visiters at their daughter's. The happiness of this amiable pair need not be expatiated upon. The forrow they experienced upon losing their little Letitia, was abundantly over-balanced by their subsequent joy at recovering her.

Mr. and Mrs. George Abington removed from the Aviary upon the death of Mr. Spencer (to the fincere regret of Lord and Lady Andover), at the earnest request of his father and mother, who after Mrs. Barker went to the rectory, wished for the company of this happy couple, as their daughter

daughter Patty chose to live chiefly with a friend, or rather an acquaintance, that she had in Essex, who flattered her soibles, with a hope of being benefitted by her death; as to secure the adulation of which she was so fond, she artfully intimated an intention of making a will in her friend's favor. Miss Patty was never heard to mention the Percivals from the time of their degradation. Her conduct to Lady Andover was sullen and haughty. Her determination, therefore, to absent herself, was very agreeable to all the family.

Mr. Ruffel could fearcely be faid to have a home, as every one of his friends were firiving who should have the most of his company, which was always lively and entertaining.

Mr and Mrs. Barker lived a life of enviable tranquillity; both fetting an example too rarely given by people in their fituation in the prefent day: he feeming to incline to that obfolete opinion of its being

being the duty of a clergyman to think fomething of his parishioners, even when he was not in the church; and she actually believing herself to be of the same species of those, who in polite estimation, were reckoned "beneath her notice;" and while her husband was rendering himself beloved, as well as reverenced, by the rectitude and affability of his conduct, she was securing the admiration of all around her by a condescension void of meanness; and by relieving as well as instructing every one who would accept her affistance.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford refided at the Lodge, now by general confent termed the Lawn. As their lives, minds and manners were in strict conformity with those of their friends at the Aviary, from whom they were feldom two days separated, their enjoyments were similar, and their selicity equal; except that the former distress of Letitia and Seymour occasioned them to experience the happiness of their lot in a

higher

higher degree than they could have done had they never been in trouble. For amongst other various evidences of the kindness of Providence to the children of men, this is one—that the forrows we at one period endure, sweeten the bleffings which generally succeed, and that none can be so happy in prosperity as those whom adversity has previously visited.

The affection between the fifters feemed to increase with their years, while the sympathy which united Mr. Clifford and Lord Andover, gathered strength from time; and their children appeared to be the children of one family.

Matilda Spencer, within two years after the marriage of her fifters, gave her hand to Mr. Fonnereau, whose extreme vivacity being checked by his good sense, he became an excellent husband, and a valuable addition to the friends at Beverly, whom he and his lady frequently visited. On account of this union, Mr. Clifford kept his house

house at Rose-Valley as an occasional residence for himfelf and his lady, or any of their family. It had been his intention to part with this estate, for which he was offered a very confiderable price; but he changed his defign on finding that the management of it, which he refigned entirely into the hands of Mr. Fonnereau, would give that gentleman a confiderable increase of consequence in his own neighbourhood. The dowager, Mrs. Fonnereau, with her daughters, Charlotte and Maria, removed to a fmaller habitation, which they called the cottage, at about half a mile's distance; from whence they visited the young couple almost every day.

Caroline Spencer, the youngest of the sisters, from being one of the liveliest girls in the world, became the most pensive. She was always retiring to solitude, and occasioned considerable solicitude to all the samily. At length Mr. Russel pronounced her case to be love, and undertook to dis-

cover

cover the object of her affection. He sufpected, and at length afcertained this object to be George Percival. This young man, whose merit and modesty were equal, entertained the most ardent passion for her; but his fortune, at that time depending entirely on Mr. Spencer, he disdained to let his attachment appear, left he should be fuspected of being swayed by motives of interest. When Mr. Russel was convinced of the mutuality of the affection, he foon effected an union between the lovers, and purchased for them the house formerly inhabited by Mr. Wharton, and now exposed to sale in consequence of that gentleman's having outrun his income. Mr. Spencer was generous, almost to extravagance, on this occasion; and Mr. Ruffel, to obviate any obloquy that might attach itself to the name of Percival, proposed to give his own for it to this young ally. For this purpose an act of Parliament was foon after procured, and Mr. George Ruffel junior

junior was married to Miss Carolina Spencer, before the translation of the Patriarch, whose will secured to him a noble inheritance. Of the Percivals scarce any account was heard after they removed from Beverly All the intelligence that ever was received of them was conveyed in a note to Mr. Barker, written in a hand which could not be recognized, and containing only the following lines.

"As it is possible that some one in Beverly may have a wish to know whether the family which lately left the
Lodge in that place, are living, this is
written to acquaint such as have any
folicitude on that head, that they arrived in safety to the place of their desiination; and to inform them that no
farther intelligence will ever be given."

This final farewell occasioned much concern to their philanthropic relations, and particularly to Mr. Spencer and Mrs. G. Abingdon, who had predetermined to write frequent

frequent and long letters to Mrs. R. Percival and the children, in hope of drawing their minds to a love of rectitude. But now that hope was blighted, and all that they could do, was to pray for their future happiness. Mr. Spencer's intention respecting his grand-daughter Elinor, being thus rendered abortive, he, in simple justice, gave George that share of his fortune to which his mother had an equitable title.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert generally refided in London, where they took a house next to that which was a part of the estate of Spencer Aviary. Mr. Herbert's success in business was so great, that it was soon in his power to have lived without its profits, but as, in process of time, he had several sons, he thought it right to continue in it till one of them should be old enough to succeed him in the lucrative operation.

The families above commemorated, were feldom long absent from each other. Sometimes they had a general meeting in Warwick-

Warwickshire: fometimes in London: fometimes at Beverly; and nothing could exceed the harmony which reigned amongst these friends whom congeniality of sentiment, still more than relationship, united.

Miss Bullion, as she informed her quondam lover, received propofals from the fon of a nobleman, and very urgent was the with her father to accept of them, till he was introduced to her. She was then for difgusted with the unhappy deformity of his person, that not all his good sense, which (notwithstanding his compliance with his father's wifhes in offering his addreffes to this rich heirefs) was more than what is usually possessed by young men, could induce her to admit his fecond vifit. After the conclusion of this treaty, Miss Bullion lived till she was turned twentythree, without the appearance of any lover that could be accepted: and this fo increafed the native acrimony of her dispofition that nobody would live with her

who could avoid it. To her father she was faucy; to her mother infolent, continually upbraiding her with the want of elegance in her person and manner; protesting that it was owing to her vulgarity that no people of condition fought an alliance with the family. This undutiful treatment from her daughter so fretted the poor old woman that it affisted a tendency in her constitution to a decline: and foon fulfilled the wishes of her only child, by procuring for her a fudden difmiffion from this scene of trouble. After her removal, Miss endeavoured to display the brilliancy of her charms by appearing in the elegant mourning which she had projected on the supposed death of Mr. Spencer. But before the expiration of the usual time for making the first change in her fables, the young lady, upon returning from a morning vifit, faw her under-maid, whom on account of a genteel person, and rather a pretty sace, the treated with peculiar despotism, alight VOL. V. K from

from a carriage with Mr. Bullion, who had been with her to church, and had given her a title to his daughter's obedience by making her his wife. The effect this incident had upon the haughty girl, cannot eafily be imagined. She raved about the house and garden like one frantic; venting her useless wishes that the life of the mother whom she had so tormented, had been continued. She then fank into a state of insensibility, and in this condition was carried to her chamber. Here the was fuffered to vent the first effects of her fury, and to remain alone till weakness had rendered her in some degree calm. She was then vifited by the new Mrs. Bullion, who having been educated as a gentlewoman, and possessing a good understanding with a sweet disposition, represented to her step-daughter the necesfity of submitting to what was now past remedy; and affured her that the power with which the was invested should never

be unduly exercifed. This propriety of conduct had an effect directly contrary to the intention of her mother-in-law, for it revived the fury of her refentment into fuch force that it was some days before she fpoke like a reasonable creature. But we do not defign to follow Miss Bullion through the violences of her disappointment and rage. Suffice it, that she was at length compelled to endure what she could not difannul; and had every year the additional mortification of witneffing the birth of a brother or a fifter, till Mrs. Bullion had prefented her husband with fix children. Mrs. Bullion was then left a widow, by the death of her husband from the effects of an apoplexy.

Upon the birth of his first son, our Nabob had been seized with the mania of establishing a family, as the phrase is, amongst those who to ennoble the eldest, leave the rest of their children beggars. With this view he had purchased, at an immoderate

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price,

price, every freehold estate which was to be fold in any neighbouring county; and in this manner did he expend almost the whole of the immense sum which he had brought with him from India. About ten thoufand pounds alone remained of his accumulated money, and this fum, as he died intestate, was all that his daughters and youngest sons could claim to be divided among them as their patrimony. Mrs. Bullion was nobly provided for by the laws of England, which gave her the third of her husband's property, and from this she determined to fave fortunes for the younger children. As the properly reflected upon the disappointment which Miss had experienced by her father's marriage, Mrs. Bullion promifed also to provide for her as for her own, if she would only regulate her conduct by the rules of common decency and prudence. For this, the haughty girl was conftrained to acknowledge obligations, and learning humility from her lowered

lowered fortunes, the owned that the boon was more than the had merited.

Mrs. Mitchel, who, as we have aiready noticed, had connected herself with Mrs. Catherine Lumley, to whom the etiquette of the country gave the title of honorable; and for fome time thefe ladies were fuccessful in their honorable occupations, But detected at length in some mal-practices, and carried before an inexorable Magistrate, who laid a heavier fine upon them than they were able to pay: their furniture was fold and their reputation loft. After this, they attempted to rally, and were supported by some of the most distinguished characters in the upper circles; but failing in all their endeavors to shine again at Bath, they were obliged to repair to London, and there to traffic in the same line with less eclat.

As Captain Millemont has cut fome figure in the preceding pages, a part of our readers may be defirous to know more of his destiny. We therefore inform them

that he lingered under his wound for a confiderable time without any hope of cure, as it turned to an inveterate diforder, and made the amputation of the limb unfafe when he became willing to undergo the operation. The honest sailor James Webster, was his constant attendant, and on his account, his wife was also received into employment. Millemont, whose vice was not avarice, well rewarded their attentive services; and from his bounty, and from that of the Spencers, the fituation of these poor people was rendered very comfortable.

As it is with reluctance that we quit the Arcadian scenes at Beverley, we will once more look in upon our friends at the Aviary; where, opening the eye of our imagination, we behold Lord and Lady Andover, on one of the anniversaries of their wedding, and of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford's.

ford's, furrounded by all their friends. We fee the elder part of the company looking with tranquil pleafure on the juvenile couples, who are delighted with the sports of their little ones on the lawn before the windows. We see rural happiness amongst people of the first importance, and the greatest simplicity amidst seenes of splendor; ease and elegance being characteristic of the place and company.

All the people in the vicinity join with gratitude to celebrate the return of the nuptial day. The EARL AND COUNTESS OF ANDOVER refound through the groves and gardens; but with ideas of purer pleafure we use simpler language, and hail the happiness of HENRY SEYMOUR SPENCER AND HIS LETITIA.

Having given a fummary of the destiny of those who have acted the most conspicuous characters upon our theatre, we will now take a farewel of all our readers who have attended us through the perils of our journey; who have admitted our merits, and been lenient to our faults; who have feen with approbation our endeavors to promote the cause of morality; of philanthropy; of piety; who have good-naturedly been pleased with whatever entertainment they may have found in their peregrinations, and have allowed that fome good may be collected even from a novel, decried as that species of writing is, by the superficial pedant, or the morose and fastidious scholar. The first does not dare to approve what the other condemns, left his learning should be brought into question by those who have a reputation for profundity; a character he is greatly defirous of acquiring, though it is totally opposite to the nature of his abilities.

The man of lore puts up a contemptuous lip at books which convey instruction in the garb of pleasantry, because he has

more industry than genius, and cannot enjoy either wit or humor. But to what, let him ask himself, do his own studies tend? He will reply-To inform the understanding, and amend the heart: an anfwer in which there is more affertion than proof, fince for one who turns over the hallowed pages of the ancients to acquire their wisdom or to imbibe their virtues ten peruse them with a view to gain the reputation of learning, or to qualify themfelves for some lucrative employment. We defire to have it understood, that it is far from our intent to depreciate the study of ancient history, for which we have a high veneration; we only wish to have it confidered that that fludy does not abfolutely monopolize improvement, and that it is perfeelly necessary for some people to write for those who cannot read Latin and Greek; not by translating the works of ancient authors, because it is universally affirmed by linguists, that a translation cannot con-

vey their excellencies, but by original composition (if that can now be effected by even the brightest genius) in our native tongue. Learned men frequently despise the unlearned, and it is not unfrequent that the unlearned have a contempt for those who, skilled in the languages and fciences of antiquity, are fomewhat deftitute, if we may judge by their conduct and conversation, of the sense which is called common; an observation which brings to our recollection an admirable aphorism of our great Fielding's-" That " it is as possible for a man to know some-"thing without having been at an uni-"verfity, as it is to have been at an uni-" verfity and know nothing."

It is not every flower from which honey can be gathered. Some afford only wax; but that is of equal utility to the industrious bee. The honey without the comb, would surfeit the hive: the comb without the honey, famish the community.

We

We have an excellent conceit in our ideas of a comparison between genius and honey; learning and honey-comb, but as it is now too late in our day to pursue it, we give the hint to those who may chuse to build upon the foundation; only making this friendly request to some few scholars of the present day—that they will be sedulous to fill the cells which may have been constructed under their perieraniums, with honey, or at least with something nourishing, less in the winter of their age, their empty imaginations should starve upon mere syllables.

How far this witticism may be allowed to pass current we cannot determine. Some will laugh at it; some sneer, and others make it a matter of serious offence; but as we are invulnerable to the shafts of mere ill-nature, we will return to the amiable tribe of our perusers.

Follow, O ye lovely children of philanthropy, the native bias of your dispositions.

JUDGE

JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES; let no arrogant dictator, by warping your fentiments, lead you, contrary to your benevolence, to condemn the offerings with which you may have been pleased and not injured, of a friend to your species. The brightest property of wisdom, is complacency; the most deformed feature of folly—ill-nature.

Happiness is the end of life.

The means of happiness—universal kindness; for if you give it, it will be returned.

PIETY, is the fource of Benevolence. Those who love GOD, cannot hate Man, nor envy the success and prosperity of a fellow creature. To the pious therefore, whom we know that we have no where offended, we commit our sentence; and shall pride ourselves more upon their approbation, than on the savourable decision of—

TITLES, WEALTH, AND POWER.











